The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXIX, NO. 16. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1869. WHOLE NO. 3552.

HARPER, MCCONAUGHY & MCELWEE

PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,

Office—Second street, between the Court-House and Diamond Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

Job Work of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

A. J. GOVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care. Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 27, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care. ☞ Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court House. (Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square. May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, '67. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

JOS. H. LEFEVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
LITTLESTOWN, PA.,

Will promptly attend to Collections, Conveyances, Writing of Deeds, Leases, &c., and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞ Office on Frederick street, at the office formerly occupied by Drs. Storch, Kinzer and Mehring. May 20, 1868.—1y*

D. MCCONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH.
Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the profession, and will attend, as heretofore, to all business entrusted to them, in the Courts of Adams and the adjoining counties. Office on Chambersburg street, one door west of DUNBLE'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and also to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages claims against the U. States at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in several of the best Western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.—1

DR. J. A. ARMSTRONG,
Having located at NEW SALEM, will attend to all branches of his profession, and will be found at his office when not professionally engaged.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O., }
Adams county, Pa. } July 24, 1868.—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* office. Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. [May 29, 1867

DR. WM. STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to all cases within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. April 1, 1868.—tf

DR. C. W. BENSON
HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at Stein house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867

Carriages, Harness, &c.

DAVID MCCREARY. JOHN F. MCCREARY

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest,

SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and, HARNESS of all kinds, in the County

are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(McCREARY'S.)

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles, are the most substantially built and neatest.

Our Harness, *(plain and silver mounted,)* are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

Our upper leather Draft Collars, CAN NOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

Our Heavy Draft Harness, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Halters, Trunks and everything in the line: *None better or cheaper.*

Our prices have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard. A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞ Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY
Jan. 29, 1868.—tf D. MCCREARY & SON.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ REPAIRING ☜

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Buggies and Carriages.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.

W. K. GALLAGHER.
July 1, 1868.—1y

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

PERRY J. TATE

is now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which he invites the attention of buyers. Having built his work with great care, and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, he can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in or out of the cities. All he asks is an inspection of his work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

☞ REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give me a call at my Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg street Gettysburg, Pa.

June 12, 1867.—tf

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel E. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—P. H. Johnston.
Managers—Geo. Swope, Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King, Benjamin Tawney, Frederick Diehl, Preston H. A. Fleiker, Stephen A. Reid, P. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Lane Wales, Liberty; C. F. Bolen, Petersburg (York).

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams, and has been in successful operation for 17 years, and in that period of time has paid but seven assessments, having paid losses by fire during that time amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring to become insured can apply to either of the managers, or to any of the agents in the county.

DAVID BUEHLER,
Secretary.

Gettysburg, 1867.

Books, Drugs, Medicines.

A. D. BUEHLER
DRUG & BOOK STORE,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
Near the Diamond.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS.

☞ COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at wholesale city prices.
Feb. 12.—tf

DR. JAMES CRESS,
DRUGGIST,

Store in Brant's Building, Balto. st.,
LITTLESTOWN.

HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of

Drugs and Family Medicines, Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,

Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

☞ Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard or soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or blueing. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric. Littlestown, May 13.—1y JAMES CRESS.

DR. R. HORNER,
PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,

Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET
GETTYSBURG.

Medical advice without charge.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, PAINTS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.

PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.

All articles warranted pure and genuine.

Jan 8, 1868.—tf

HUBER'S
DRUG STORE.

Forney's old Stand—Baltimore Street,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

HAVING purchased this old and popular Stand, and laid in an entirely new and fresh Stock, offer a full assortment, consisting in part of

DRUGS AND FAMILY MEDICINES.

PATENT MEDICINES—A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

PURE LIQUORS & WINES FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS. DYES, DYE-STUFFS—HOWARD'S DYES.

EXCELSIOR DYES, AND THE ANILINE DYES—THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

ALL THE NEW AND ELEGANT PERFUMES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

COLGATE'S, AND OTHER SUPERIOR SOAPS.

FORNEY'S HORSE POWDERS—THE BEST AND CHEAPEST; ALSO, EGUTT'S, ELLS, DALE'S PERSIAN, STONEBRAKER'S AND ROBERTS'.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF—THE BEST BRANDS.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY RECEIPTS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

PHYSICIANS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED AT REDUCED RATES.

Medicines furnished AT ALL HOURS OF THE NIGHT.—*Night Bell at the door.*

April 1, 1868.—tf

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle-Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞ We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment. E. T. TAWS.
May 29, 1867.—

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE
AND BROOMS.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at the old stand in Baltimore street, a little east of the Diamond. Our stock comprises in part of

Carpenter's Tools,
Blacksmith's Tools,
Coach Finding
Shoe Findings,
Cabinet Maker's Tools,
Housekeeper's Fixtures.

All kinds of Iron for sale.

☞ Country Produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.

☞ Call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

DAVID SMYSER & SON.
Gettysburg, 1867.

Groceries.

GROCERIES & LUMBER

AT PAXTON'S STORE, ON THE HILL, BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

FRESH GROCERIES

every week from the City, Provisions, Dried an Green Fruits of all kinds, always on hand, at lowest rates.

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHEESE, PURE CIDER VINEGAR, SOAPS OF ALL KINDS, CANDLES, NOTIONS, CONFECTIONARIES, BROOMS, &c.; also,

LUMBER,

such as Scantling, Posts, Shingles, Plank, &c., constantly on hand at lowest living rates. Call and see.
June 24.—tf.

GILLESPIE & CO.

Dealers in Flour, Groceries, Notions, &c.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

INVITE the attention of the public to their large stock of Goods, at the old stand, on York street, next door to the Globe Inn, consisting of the best of

GROCERIES,

Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, &c.; the

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR

in the market, with Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Dried Fruits, Confections, &c. Also,

NOTIONS,

in great variety; Cedar and Willow-ware, Stoneware, Crockery-ware, Baskets, Segars, Tobaccos, and a thousand and one other articles.

BUTTER AND EGGS,

nice and fresh, always for sale.

GILLESPIE & CO. will spare no effort to please, and are confident of being able to do so by constantly keeping a full and choice stock, and selling at the very lowest profits. COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted, either for the cash or in exchange for goods, highest market price allowed. JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE,
DANIEL CASHMAN.
June 17, 1868.—tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.

☞ A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY
IN GETTYSBURG.

JACOB W. CRESS

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.
Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

Grocery and Flour Store.

REMOVAL.

MEALS & BROTHER

HAVE removed their Store to the Ninestedt property, on Chambersburg street, where they propose to keep constantly on hand

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

FLOUR, FEED, NOTIONS, &c.

Also, VEGETABLES in season, fresh from the city and country. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
April 1, 1868.—tf.

GRECIAN BEND.

AT WM. J. MARTIN'S

IS the place to get it if you wish, where you can get everything expected to be found in a first class

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

The Groceries consist in part of best Syrup, Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Prime No. Mackerel, &c., &c. Always on hand a large quantity of

LIQUORS

of all kinds from Champagne to Common Whiskey pure Rye Whiskey, Brandy, Gin for medicinal and other purposes, Scotch Whiskey and Jamaica Rum for hot punches, A. Speer's pure Grape Wine, Mishler's, Hoofland's Zingara and German Bitters.

HOTEL KEEPERS

will find by calling me a call that they can be supplied with Liquor at all times as before to please at reduced rates, and save freight and package.

☞ Thankful for past patronage and soliciting a continuance. WM. J. MARTIN.
Nov. 20, 1868.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

GO TO WM. J. MARTIN'S.

IF you want all the necessary ingredients for a good Stone Pie. [Nov. 20.—tf

APPLES, Raisins, Citron, Currants, Cranberries and Prunes.
Nov. 20.—tf At WM. J. MARTIN'S.

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S
MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED

IN THE NEWEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line

SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES, MANTLES, &c. &c.

at the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest

☞ Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

PUMPS! PUMPS!

FOR pure water use, neither bad tasting wood, rusty iron, nor poison lead, but THE CELEBRATED

CUCUMBER PUMP,

made of wild cucumber wood, *entirely tasteless, durable and reliable.* Not a patent article, but the good old-fashioned wooden Pump, made by machinery, and therefore perfect and accurate in all its parts, raising an equal amount of water, and costing less than half the money. Easily screwed so as to be non-freezing, and in constructing so simple that any one can put it up and keep it in repair. After thorough trial it is acknowledged the best and cheapest. Twelve feet of tubing with each pump, free of charge. Dealers supplied at factory prices. Agents wanted. For circulars, price lists, &c.,

Call or address

CRAIG G. BEATCHLEY,
No. 8 North Seventh Street,
Agents wanted. Philadelphia, Pa.
Jan. 15, 1869.—6m

Miscellaneous.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

NEW YORK WEEKLY,

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE JOURNAL.

THE MOST INTERESTING STORIES

Are always to be found in the

NEW YORK WEEKLY.

At present there are

FOUR GREAT STORIES

running through its columns; and at least

ONE STORY IS BEGUN EVERY MONTH.

New subscribers are thus sure of having the commencement of a new continued story, no matter when they subscribe for the

NEW YORK WEEKLY.

Each number of the NEW YORK WEEKLY contains Several Beautiful Illustrations, Double the Amount of Reading Matter of any Paper of its class, and the Sketches, Short Stories, Poems, etc., are by the ablest writers of America and Europe. The

NEW YORK WEEKLY

does not confine its matter to amusement, but publishes a great quantity of really Instructive Matter, in the most condensed form. The

N. Y. WEEKLY DEPARTMENTS

have attained a high reputation from their brevity, excellence, and correctness.

The pleasant paragraphs are made up of the concentrated wit and humor of many minds.

The Knowledge Box is confined to useful information on all manner of subjects.

The Home Items give in the fewest words the most notable doings all over world.

The Gossip with Correspondents contains answers to inquiries upon all imaginable subjects.

An Unrivalled Literary Paper

IS THE

NEW YORK WEEKLY.

Each issue contains from EIGHT to TEN STORIES and SKETCHES, and HALF A DOZEN POEMS, in ADDITION to the LONGER SERIAL STORIES and the VARIED DEPARTMENTS.

THE TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS:

One Year—single copy.....Three Dollars.
" " Four copies ($2 50 each).....Ten Dollars.
" " Eight copies.....Twenty Dollars.

Those sending $20 for a club of Eight, all sent at one time, will be entitled to a copy free. Getters up of clubs can afterward add single copies at $2 50 each.

STREET & SMITH, Proprietors,
No. 55 Fulton st., New York.
Jan. 15.—2m

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC
BOOT POLISH

MAKES A LASTING SHINE.

Those who black their boots on Saturday night with ordinary blacking, don't have much shine on Sunday, as the polish fades off; but the shine of

DOBBINS' BLACKING

Lasts Saturday Night & all day Sunday.

IT BEATS ANY OTHER BLACKING MADE.

Manufactured only by J. B. Dobbins, at his immense Soap and Blacking Works, Sixth Street and Germantown Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale by T. C. Norris, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 27.—tm

[Licensed by the United States Government.]

GOOD NEWS

FOR CONSUMERS OF

Staple and Fancy Goods

THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

HARRINGTON & CO.

Of fifteen years' standing as Jobbers and Retailers of the above goods, in Boston and vicinity, have concluded to offer the people of the whole country the advantages of their immense importations and agencies for American manufactures, through the popular ONE DOLLAR SYSTEM.

Our Premium List to Agents, and Exchange List for Agents and Patrons, are not equalled by any house in the country.

Both New York and Boston references given when required. Send for free circular.

HARRINGTON & CO.,
59 Summer street, Boston.
Dec. 4.—3m Post Office Box 354.

A SERVANT FOR ALL.

Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,

MAY be attached to any gate and operated from the buggy, team or saddle, by one hank, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong; will not be interrupted by the sagging of the gate, nor by the frost raising the gate; may be made at a country blacksmith's, and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the Right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights of this improvement.

Also, ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE

—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their team, open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.

For further information, &c., address

ISRAEL BRICKER,
May 13.—tf Menallen P. O., Adams co., Pa.

A $5,00 GREENBACK
Of full value sent free to any Book Agent.
AGENTS WANTED FOR
MATTHEW HALE SMITH'S NEW BOOK,
"Sunshine and Shadow in New York."
IT WILL REVEAL THE SECRETS & INCIDENTS OF
LIFE IN THE GREAT METROPOLIS.
Being a MIRROR OF NEW YORK, reflecting the SECRETS OF THE GREAT CITY.

One Agent sold 80 in one day, another sold and delivered 127 in 15 days; another 504 in 7 days. No book ever published that sells so rapidly.

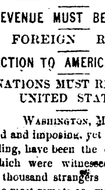
If you wish to know how fortunes are made and lost in a day; how Shrewd Men are ruined in Wall Street; how "Countrymen" are swindled by Sharpers; how Bankers and Merchants are Black mailed; how Dance Halls and Concert Saloons are Managed; How Gambling Houses and Lotteries are Conducted; How Stock Companies Originate and how the Rubbles Burst, &c read this work. It tells you about the mysteries of New York, and contains spicy life sketches of its noted millionaires, merchants, &c. *A large Octavo Volume, 720 pages Finely Illustrated.* The largest commission given. Our 32 page circular and a $5,00 Greenback sent free on application. For full particulars and terms address the sole publishers,

J. B. BURR & CO., Hartford, Conn.
Feb. 5.—3m

FOR THE

Holidays and all the Year.

THE CRAIG MICROSCOPE.



This celebrated patent instrument is simple, cheap, and of permanent availability. It is an optical wonder. It magnifies minute transparent objects 100 diameters or 10,000 times, rendering the animalcules in impure water, the globules in milk, blood, etc., the minute muscle cleavs, joints, etc. of insects, and, definitely the shape of the pollen of flowers, etc., visible. It shows in diseased pork, the "trichina spiralis," (first discovered in this country with this microscope,) etc. etc. etc. Also, etc. definitely, and beautifully visible—some of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

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May 29, 1867.—

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Coach Finding
Shoe Findings,
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☞ Call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

DAVID SMYSER & SON.
Gettysburg, 1867.

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel E. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—P. H. Johnston.
Managers—Geo. Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. E. Russell, H. G. Palmestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Preston H. A. Fleiker, Bonham; Adam F. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Lane Wales, Liberty; C. F. Bolen, Petersburg (York).

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams, and has been in successful operation for 17 years, and in that period of time has paid but seven assessments, having paid losses by fire during that time amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring to become insured can apply to either of the managers, or to any of the agents in the county.

DAVID BUEHLER,
Secretary.

Gettysburg, 1867.

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

INAUGURATION OF GRANT AND COLFAX.

GRAND MILITARY AND CIVIC DISPLAY.

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WASHINGTON, March 4, 1865.

Grand and imposing, yet simple and unpretending, have been the ceremonies today, which were witnessed by at least twenty thousand strangers gathered here from the most remote as well as adjacent parts of the country. The sky was overcast with clouds in the morning and a slight rain fell until about ten o'clock, when, as the end of the misrule of Johnson approached, the sun of peace burst brightly forth. Of course everybody hailed its appearance with delight and marked it as a favorable omen for the new administration. The procession, reaching as it did from the Treasury to the Capitol gates and embracing delegations from every State in the Union, as well as brilliantly uniformed militia organizations, was a grand pageant. It started on its route from Gen. Grant's headquarters at 11 o'clock, at which hour the President elect entered a magnificent phaeton, accompanied by Gen. John A. Rawlins, of his staff, and the long-mooted question, whether his Accidency would ride with him to the Capitol, was solved.—There was, of course, an immense crowd of people in the vicinity, and as the general appeared the signal gun for the start of the procession was fired, and the carriage drove off towards Pennsylvania avenue.—There was but little delay or confusion in the formation of the procession, and when the General reached the avenue everything was in readiness. The sidewalks were thronged with people of both sexes and all colors and ages. The windows and balconies on the route were crowded; some of them having been hired for the occasion at prices ranging from ten to one hundred dollars each. The buzzas which rent the air were almost deafening as the General rode past, and as he approached nearer to the Capitol the enthusiasm increased to such an extent that it was feared that the dignity of the occasion would be compromised by an attempt to take the horses out of the General's carriage and draw it the rest of the way by hand. The police arrangements, however, were perfect, and, with the exception of the noisy and almost frantic exhibitions of enthusiasm, nothing occurred to interfere with the pre-arranged programme.

While the procession attracted the attention of the strangers generally, twelve hundred fortunate people, most of whom were citizens of Washington, or connected with the families of Congressmen, had congregated in the galleries of the Senate Chamber, to gain admission to which they were obliged to be prepared with tickets signed by the Sergeant-at-arms of that body and issued by the members of both houses to their friends. The closing scenes of the last session of the Fortieth Congress were being enacted, but the brilliant audience evidently paid little heed, and their necks were turned first towards one door and then towards the cloak-room, with evident anxiety for the commencement of the inauguration proceedings. At the proper time the old and new Senators assembled in a body on the Republican side of the House, and seated themselves as best they could. The arena in the rear of the Senatorial chairs was filled with privileged persons, who occupied seats on the sofas and chairs provided for the occasion. Among them were Lieutenant General Sherman, Admiral Farragut, Generals Rawlins, Kilpatrick, Sickles, Thomas, Hancock, Terry, Howard, and Admiral Porter, Hon. G. A. Grow, Governor Geary of Pennsylvania, Governor Hawley of Connecticut, Compodore Meade, General Butterfield, Generals Law Wallace, Townsend, Williams, Jeffries, ex-Governor Solomons of Wisconsin, General Spinner, General Michler, Assistant Secretary Hunter, Assistant Secretary Hartley, General Holt, Admirals Smith, Dahlgren, Governor Reed of Florida, and Judge Otis. It was noticed that no members of the outgoing Cabinet were present, and but few officials of the lower grades connected with the Johnson administration. President Johnson himself was present in the building, having ridden from the White House in his own carriage, but he did not appear in the chamber. The ladies of the diplomatic corps were present almost in a body occupying the diplomatic gallery. Immediately in front of the Senatorial chairs, behind the President elect, were seated the President and Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Colfax, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Rawlins, Mrs. Sharp, Mrs. Casley, Mrs. Gen. Dent, Miss Dent, Miss Nellie Grant, Miss Jennie Grant, Miss Harriet Wilson, Miss Nellie Rawlins, Miss Sharp, Miss Casley, Miss Jennie Dent, Miss Nellie Dent, Miss Fred. Grant, and Master U. S. Grant, Jr. Mrs. Johnson was not present, having been prevented by illness from attending the ceremonies, in which they were evidently greatly interested.

Mr. Jesse Grant, the father of Gen. Grant, was upon the floor, and occupied a seat adjoining Senator Nye. Hon. Horace Greeley occupied a seat in the reporters' gallery.

At twelve o'clock President elect Grant, leaning upon the arm of Senator Cragin, and Vice-President Colfax, leaning on the arm of Senator McCreery, entered the Senate Chamber by the north entrance to the left of the presiding officer. Gen. Grant was escorted to a seat in front of the Clerk's desk and to the right of the presiding officer. Vice-President Colfax was escorted to the chair with the retiring Vice-President pro tem., Wade, by his side.

Almost at the same moment, the door at the main entrance was thrown open, and the Justices of the Supreme Court, headed by Chief Justice Chase, and clad in their robes of office, entered the Senate Chamber and walked in imposing procession down the centre aisle, and took the seats prepared for them in front of and facing the rostrum.

The House of Representatives was then announced, and entered the hall headed by its officers, Speaker Pomeroy and Mr. McPherson, Clerk. Mr. Wade called the Senate to order and then pronounced his valedictory.

INAUGURATION OF THE VICE PRESIDENT.

The presiding officer having announced that all was now in readiness for the inauguration of the Vice President elect, Mr. Colfax then advanced up the steps of the rostrum, and, facing the presiding officer, took the usual oath of office, which the latter administered. Turning to the Senate, Mr. Colfax then delivered the following address, which was listened to with the deepest attention, and was distinctly audible to all within the Chamber.

Senators:—In entering upon the duties in this Chamber, to the performance of which I have been called by the people of the United States, I realize fully the delicacy as well as the responsibility of the position of presiding over a body whose members are in so large a degree my seniors in age, and not chosen by the body itself. I shall certainly need the assistance of your support and your generous forbearance and confidence, but pledging to you all a faithful and inflexible impartiality in the administration of your rules, and earnestly desiring to co-operate with you in making the deliberations of the Senate worthy, not only of its historical renown, but also of the United States whose commissions you hold, I am now ready to take the oath of office required by law.

ORGANIZATION OF THE FORTY-FIRST SENATE.

At the conclusion the Senators-elect came forward as their names were called and took the Senator's oath of office, which was administered by the newly inducted Vice-President. The organization of the new Senate having been completed, it was announced that the Senate, Supreme Court, and the invited spectators, would proceed to the east portico of the Capitol to participate in the ceremonies of the inauguration of the President-elect. A procession was accordingly formed, and the late occupants of the floor of the Senate proceeded through the corridors and the rotunda to the place indicated.

GENERAL GRANT'S INAUGURATION.

In front of the portico but about ten feet lower, being on a level with the first landing place of the flight of marble steps, had been constructed a platform capable of accommodating, together with the steps, about five or six hundred persons. It had a semi circular form, which was covered with American flags and beautifully decorated with wreaths of evergreens. The National flag was also entwined with two of the columns supporting the pediment of the portico, and the general effect harmonized well with the splendor of the marble building, which, even without the aid of the brilliant sunshine which had been hoped for, was almost dazzling in its marble whiteness, and loomed up with dome and sculptured columns a sight of wonder, beauty and magnificence.

The scene from the platform when General Grant made his appearance was most imposing. Including the delegations of the procession, the crowd in the park and the throngs of people crowding the east entrances to the Senate and House wings, it is estimated that 20,000 people were congregated to witness the ceremonies. Bands of music located in different parts of the open space were playing national airs.—Marshals mounted on gally-caparisoned steeds were riding to and fro. Gorgeous private equipages, with brilliantly liveried coachmen, were dashing past, and the immense mass of people with one voice burst into enthusiastic and prolonged cheers.—The platform was magnificently ornamented with festoons of evergreen and draped in National colors. On reaching the front of the platform General Grant, who wore a plain black suit, took the seat that been prepared for him, with Chief Justice Chase, who wore his robes of office, on his left. The Associate Justices occupied seats next in the rear on the left, and the Vice President, Secretary, and members of the Senate on the right. The diplomatic corps occupied seats behind the Supreme Court, while the heads of departments, Governors and ex-Governors, ex-Senators, past and present Representatives, filled the space in rear of the Senators. Near General Grant and a little behind him sat Mrs. Grant, accompanied by her sisters, Mrs. Sharp and Mrs. Casley, her sister-in-law, Mrs. Gen. Dent, and her children, Misses Jennie and Nellie and Masters Fred. and U. S. Jr.

THE OATH OF OFFICE.

When the applause had subsided, Chief Justice Chase proceeded to administer the oath of office to General Grant, as follows:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States.

The conclusion of this ceremony was the signal for another outburst of applause, more enthusiastic, if possible, than any

The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, Mar. 12, 1869.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

APRIL SETTLEMENTS.

All persons indebted to this office for Printing, Advertising, or Subscriptions, are earnestly requested to make payment. Under the new rules of trade we are required to pay cash for labor, paper, printing materials and everything connected with our business. Hence it is impossible for us to give long credits.

We have a number of Paper and Type Bills maturing, which require cash, and we have to call on our friends to second us in the effort to give them a good newspaper by *prompt payments*. We will in a few weeks, send our bills to all indebted. Those who do not like to receive these little reminders, can forestall their appearance by calling at the office or remitting their dues without further delay. Subscribers in arrears can readily ascertain the amount due by examing the slips on their papers, which give the dates up to which subscriptions are paid.

JOHNSON continued to do a big pardon business up to the time of his going out of office. Arnold and Spangler, the assassination conspirators; the two Lamars convicted several years ago and sentenced to the Albany penitentiary for stealing cotton in the South; Braine, the Rebel pirate who committed some high-handed murders on the lower Potomac during the war, and a host of counterfeiters and mail robbers, were all turned loose upon the public before A. J. vacated his office.

Up to the last hour the mill was kept running. Among the last pardons ordered were two notorious scoundrels, named Dupuys and Enright, recently sentenced to the Penitentiary in New York for violations of the revenue laws. The papers, however, were not forwarded until after Grant got into to office. His attention being directed to the matter by District Attorney Courtney, of New York, who telegraphed him that the papers were still in the hands of the U. States Marshall, Gen. Grant ordered the papers to be returned. A pardon not be being effective until delivered, Dupuys and Enright won't get the benefit of A. J's kindness.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON has given to the country a parting salute in the shape of a Farewell Address, dated March 4. In style, temper and thought, it is modeled—indeed a re-production—of his later veto messages. Every line bears evidence of intense egotism, the whole document being a scolding, fault-finding fulmination against Congress, in bad taste and worse spirit, alternating with self-laudations. A. J. takes credit for peaceably disbanding the army at the close of the war, instead of using it to subvert the government and make himself Dictator!—Just so the thief would defend his crime by pleading that he could have committed murder, but didn't. This new and last bantling of Johnsonism has fallen stillborn upon the stage—ridiculed and denounced by the Press generally as in exceedingly bad taste.

AFTER the Inauguration ceremonies, on the 4th inst., the 41st Congress promptly organized, Vice President Colfax taking the chair in the Senate. Mr. MCPHERSON called the House to order, and after some little delay growing out of the *status* of certain contested seats and the delegations from Georgia and Louisiana, the House proceeded to elect a Speaker—Mr. BLAINE, of Maine, the Republican caucus nominee being elected, receiving 136 votes to 57 for KERR, Democrat, of Indiana. Mr. MCPHERSON was re-elected Clerk, as were also the old Doorkeeper, Sergeant-at-arms and Postmaster.

CONGRESS will probably remain in session about a month. The Committee of the Senate, to whom the subject of the business to be brought forward at the present session was referred, agreed upon the measures, some five in all, that in their judgment it is necessary to pass, all of which they think can be done within at least thirty days. Among the measures which they recommend are the bill to repeal the Civil Tenure of Office act, the bill to strengthen the public credit which Johnson refused to sign, and the Hooper bill relating to National banks. The House, on Friday, by a vote of 148 to 16, passed a bill to repeal the Civil Tenure Act.

PRESIDENT GRANT, on Friday, sent to the Senate the nomination of Mr. Columbus Delano, of Ohio, as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, vice Mr. Rollins, resigned, and the following military promotions: Lieutenant General Sherman as General of the Army, General Sheridan as Lieutenant General, General Schofield as Major General, and Colonel Augur as Brigadier General, vice General Schofield promoted, all of which were promptly confirmed by the Senate.

THE New York *World* and other Democratic papers have already commenced a vituperous warfare upon President Grant. This is what was to be expected, unless he had chosen to break with the party that elected him. This he has shown no disposition to do; on the contrary, his inaugural, and especially his endorsement of the Fifteenth Amendment, serve to indicate that, if not a party President, he has not the slightest intention of Tylerizing or Johnsonising himself.

ON Monday Gov. GRARY sent to the Legislature an official copy of the new Suffrage Amendment, saying that he "cordially approves this action of the National Congress, and unhesitatingly recommends the prompt ratification of the same by the Legislature." We hope the Governor's recommendation will be promptly enforced.

AMONG the petitions presented in the Legislature, on Monday, was one from the Pennsylvania Republican members of Congress asking the Legislature of this State to appropriate a sufficient sum of money to pay for a colossal bronze statue of Thaddeus Stevens.

THE notorious Binkley has come to grief. President Grant has ordered his immediate dismissal.

CABINET NOMINATIONS.

On Friday last, Gen. GRANT ended the suspense in regard to his Cabinet by sending to the Senate the following nominations:

Secretary of State—ELIHU B. WASHBURNE, of Illinois.

Secretary of Navy—ADOLPH E. BORIE, of Pennsylvania.

Secretary of Treasury—A. T. STEWART, of New York.

Secretary of Interior—J. D. COX, of Ohio.

Postmaster General—J. A. J. CRESSWELL, of Maryland.

Attorney General—GEO. E. HOAR, of Mass.

No nomination was made for Secretary of War, as Gen. SCHOFIELD will, at the President's request, continue to discharge the duties temporarily, until his services can be dispensed with.—The announcement of the names created a good deal of surprise, not tallying with any of the "states" which had been fixed up from time to time. They are, however, all sound Republicans, selected by Gen. Grant because of especial fitness for their several positions, and the Senate at once promptly confirmed all the nominations.

Mr. WASHBURNE has long represented the Galena district in Congress, is one of the oldest members of the House, has always been an advanced Republican, one of Grant's earliest and steadfast friends, and by common consent was in advance assigned a position in the Cabinet. He is a man of ability, stern integrity, and will make a prudent counsellor.

Mr. BORIE is a prominent merchant of Philadelphia, of the firm of McKean, Borie & Co., long associated with the East India trade. He is President of the famous Union League of Philadelphia, and being a man of wealth freely gave of his means to the support of the Government during the Rebellion. He is said to be a gentleman of great purity of character.

Mr. STEWART, the new Secretary of the Treasury, is well known as one of the most successful and enterprising merchants of the day. Having managed his vast establishment in New York, with its branches and ramifications extending throughout Europe, with signal success, it cannot be doubted that his great executive capacity and experience will enable him to administer the Treasury Department to the satisfaction of the country.

Ex-Gov. COX, of Ohio, served with distinction in the army, and was subsequently elected Governor of Ohio.—A gentleman of high and irreproachable character, a fine lawyer, his experience as Governor of his State will well qualify him for his duties.

Mr. CRESSWELL, of Maryland, is probably one of the best known members of the Cabinet, and his selection has been hailed with marked approval by the Republican press. An advanced Republican, the mantle of the brave-hearted Winter Davis fell upon him, and after the death of Mr. Davis, Cresswell gallantly led the forlorn hope in Maryland, and commands the confidence of the loyal men of the country. Under his administration, Coperhead Postmasters can prepare to travel, and that at an early date.

Judge HOAR is a son of the late Samuel Hoar, who was driven from Charleston by the violence of a mob, some twenty years ago, where he was sent as a special commissioner of the State of Massachusetts to test the constitutionality of their black laws. He is an able lawyer, and has for the past fifteen years been connected with the Common Pleas and Supreme Court, on the bench of the latter of which he is the oldest associate judge.

LATER—RESIGNATION OF MR. STEWART.

Immediately after the nemination and confirmation of A. T. STEWART as Secretary of the Treasury, it was discovered that under the Act of 1789, organizing the Treasury Bureau, Mr. Stewart could not qualify. The act provides that no one can be appointed to position who has any interest, direct or indirect, in importations or business affected by import duties. Mr. Stewart, having large mercantile operations under his control, could not, of course, take the requisite oath administered to all employees of the Department. As soon as the President's attention was drawn to the matter, he officially communicated to the Senate the difficulty and suggested some modification of the act to exempt Mr. Stewart. The latter, as soon as he learned of the difficulty, placed his resignation in the hands of the President. Gen. GRANT, however, was anxious to avail himself of Mr. Stewart's known abilities and large experience and laid the matter over, in hopes that some arrangement could be effected, by which the new Secretary could qualify. Mr. Stewart, recognizing the graceful compliment thus tendered him by the President and anxious to reciprocate it even at heavy personal sacrifice, made the magnificent offer of assigning absolutely all his interest in his heavy mercantile business, to be appropriated to charitable purposes and uses, during his official term. He executed a formal deed of trust to this effect, naming Wm. B. Astor, Wm. E. Dodge, and other well know citizens of New York, as trustees.

This magnificent offer would, at the lowest computation, in four years have disposed of six millions of dollars for charitable purposes. It was at first supposed that this deed would render Mr. Stewart eligible, and General Grant, though regretting so great a personal sacrifice on Mr. Stewart's part, was disposed to accept it. On submitting the matter, however, to Chief Justice Chase, Attorney General Evarts, Senators Trumbull, Fessenden, Conkling, and other eminent lawyers, some doubt was expressed whether even this deed would qualify Mr. Stewart; whereupon the latter addressed a letter to the President thanking him for the high honor conferred upon him, and assuring him of his willingness to make any reasonable sacrifice to overcome the difficulty; but it was impracticable for him at once to close out his large business, even if desirable; and inasmuch as the temporary transfer of all pecuniary interest in his business did not seem to free the difficulty from doubt, and he was unwilling to enter upon the administration of laws while his position was open to the least imputation of a disregard or violation of law, he again tendered his resignation, Gen. GRANT at once accepted it, and immediately notified the Senate of his desire to recall his recommendation as to any change of the act of 1789.

In all these negotiations, we may say, that Gen. GRANT was in thorough accord with leading Republican Senators and Members, and that such of the Democracy as were green enough to look upon it as the beginning of an entanglement between the President and Congress, find their hopes suddenly squelched. The resignation of Mr. STEWART may involve some additional Cabinet changes. Mr. BOUTWELL, of Massachusetts, and the choice of the Treasury Department, and in that case Mr. HOAR will have to yield the Attorney Generalship.

GRANT'S FIRST MILITARY ORDER.

President GRANT's first Military order, with its eight specifications, is in the nature of an eight gun battery, at one shot sweeping away Johnson's military programme, and re-instating the Military commanders in the Rebel States, who were displaced by A. J., because of their unwillingness to aid in carrying out "my policy," as against that of Congress. We annex the order, which will electify the Union men of the South—furnish assurance to the Republicans of the Union, and give blatant Rebels to understand that henceforth the Government is to be respected and its laws obeyed. Phil. Sheridan is sent back to Louisiana, to straighten out difficulties there; General Terry takes command of the Department of the South; General Reynolds returns to the command of the Fifth Military District, and General Canby, as soon as relieved by General Reynolds, will take command of Virginia. Even General Emory, on whom Mr. Johnson showered his displeasure for his evidence in the impeachment trial, is re-assigned to his command of the Department of Washington. General Hancock, for whom Mr. Johnson arranged a convenient department in gratitude for his services in Louisiana, is assigned to the command of the Department of Dakota, while Gen. Mead is given the Department of the Atlantic, with headquarters at Philadelphia. General Gillem, who rather outdid all other commanders in his desire to obstruct the law, and whom Johnson sought to make a Brigadier General in the regular army, is ordered to give up the command of the Fourth Military Department and join his regiment.

By this order President Grant quietly but effectually rebukes Johnson's efforts to defeat and obstruct the laws of Congress, and asserts his own purpose to enforce the Reconstruction policy prescribed by the law-making power:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, March 5, 1869.

General Orders, No. 10:

The President of the United States directs that the following orders be carried into execution as soon as practicable:

First—The Department of the South will be commanded by Brigadier and Brevet Major General A. H. Terry.

Second—Major General George G. Meade is assigned to the military division of the Atlantic, and will transfer his headquarters to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He will turn over his present command temporarily to Brevet Major General T. H. Ruger, Colonel Thirty-fifth Infantry, who is assigned to duty according to his brevet of Major General while in the exercise of this command.

Third—Major General P. H. Sheridan is assigned to the command of the Department of Louisiana, and will turn over the command of the Department of the Missouri temporarily to the next senior officer.

Fourth—Major General W. S. Hancock is assigned to the command of the Department of Dakota.

Fifth—Brigadier and Brevet Major General E. R. S. Canby is assigned to the command of the First Military District, and will proceed to his post as soon as relieved by Brevet Major General Reynolds.

Sixth—Brevet Major General A. C. Gillem, of the 24th Infantry, will turn over the command of the Fourth Military District to the next senior officer, and join his regiment.

Seventh—Brevet Major General J. J. Reynolds, Colonel of the 26th Infantry, is assigned to the command of the Fifth Military District, according to his brevet of Major General.

Eighth—Brevet Major General N. N. Emory, Colonel of the 5th Cavalry, is assigned to the command of the Department of Washington, according to his brevet of Major General.

By command of the General of the Army.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

THE re-election of our colleague, Hon. EDWARD MCPHERSON, as Clerk of the House of Representatives for the fourth term, by a vote of two to one over all competitors, is made the occasion of a number of complimentary notices by the Republican press generally. Mr. MCPHERSON made a flying visit to his home, in this place, during the past week, and was warmly congratulated by his numerous personal friends. He is in good health and looks well.

MR. BANCROFT, the American Minister at Berlin, gave a grand dinner on the Fourth in honor of General GRANT's inauguration. Count BISMARCK was present and made a pleasant speech, in which he said that no dispute had ever occurred between the United States and Germany, and that the friendly relations between the two countries were now specially guaranteed.

SIX States—Kansas, Louisiana, Nevada, Missouri, Wisconsin and West Virginia—have already ratified the Suffrage Amendment to the Constitution. Gen. GRANT having squarely endorsed it in his Inaugural, will give it additional strength in the States yet to pass upon it.

THE English and French press are almost unanimous in their approval of General GRANT's inaugural address.—His references to the foreign policy of the Government are regarded with satisfaction as indicating a desire for the maintenance of peace.

DESPATCHES from Washington say that Mr. Washburne will shortly resign the State Department and be appointed Minister to France; that Gen. Rawlings will be made Secretary of War; that Mr. Motley will be appointed Minister to Austria; and Gov. Curtin go to Russia.

THE Legislature was not in session last week, the members having adjourned over, to await a call to GRANT's Cabinet. As the call didn't come, they returned to Harrisburg, and went to work again on Monday

GEN. GRANT seems to have selected his Cabinet very much as he does his generals in time of war, taking not men who had reputation to save, but rather those who had reputations to make.

THE Republican State Convention of Virginia on Wednesday nominated as its candidates, Gov. H. H. Wells, for Governor; Dr. J. D. Harris, colored, Lieut. Governor; Thomas H. Bowden, Attorney General; and C. M. Crane, Congressman at large.

PRESIDENT GRANT has removed Frank Blair and other Union Pacific Railroad Commissioners, of the Coperhead stripe.

HON. C. H. COFFIN, Deputy Superintendent of Common Schools, died at Harrisburg, on Tuesday last.

GEN. HOWARD will succeed Hallleck in command of the Indian country.

GENERAL GRANT'S INAUGURAL.

On our first page we give a detailed account of the Inauguration ceremonies, including the Inaugural address of President GRANT. It is a brief, terse, straight-forward, manly document, thoroughly Republican in its stand-points, and will be read with interest, as foreshadowing the general policy of the new Administration.—The Republican press of the country, North and South, cordially endorse it. The reader will look in vain for any trace of the egotism and demagoguism which characterised Johnson's official utterances, being in marked contrast to A. J.'s productions in style, sentiment and policy. The New York *Tribune* analyses it as follows:

I. I shall advise Congress—but not war upon it.

II. My business is to execute the law. A bad law will always remedy itself when the people begin to suffer from it.

III. We have had war,—now we must have peace. We have one common country, and any sentiment of sectional hatred or revenge is unpatriotic.

IV. Our debt is the honorable consequences of the war. It is the price we pay for Union. Not to pay it is a crime only second to treason.

V. We must pay our debt without equivocation. When we borrowed in our hour of distress, the dollars we received were gold to us. We must pay gold unless the contract expressly stipulates to the contrary.

VI. American credit should be the best in the world. Let us stop talking about Repudiation and collect the revenues, and we can make it the best in the world.

VII. I am in favor of building railroads to the Pacific. But we must not issue bonds for that purpose—until we resume specie payments. We must no longer promise to pay a gold dollar until we receive a gold dollar. That was a war necessity; it must be stopped now.

VIII. America can never be great until her name is synonymous with Financial Honor. Our flag means Liberty; it must also mean Faith.

IX. We must resume specie payments speedily; perhaps not now, but [illegible] we can.

X. We should do unto other [illegible] we would have other nations do [illegible] erica. If countries like England [illegible] abama" precedents, they only [illegible] follow them.

XI. As for the Indian, conscien[illegible] to us. We must see!

XII. As for the Negro—equal rights in all the States.

XIII. And may God bless us all!

NEW HAMPSHIRE—REPUBLICAN VICTORY!

Last March New Hampshire started the glorious succession of victories which culminated in the election of Gen. Grant in November. On Tuesday the State again voted, and though the vote was small and no national interest depending upon the contest, the Republicans carried the State by an increased majority. Hon. Onslow Stearns has been elected Governor, a Republican majority secured in both Houses of the Legislature, and a full Republican delegation sent to Congress. Hrriman's majority last year was about 2,500. The majority this year will probably run up to 4,000.

THE Democracy of Indiana have been practicing Secession on a small scale. On the 4th inst., in order prevent a vote on the new Constitutional Amendment, the Democratic members of the Legislature resigned in a body, leaving both houses without a quorum. Nearly all the important legislation, including the appropriation bills, necessary to carry on the State Government, was pending at the time, and this revolutionary action has produced much excitement in the State. Gov. BAKER has called a special session of the Legislature and ordered elections to take place on the 23d inst., in all the districts made vacant by this bolt.

LIEUT. GEN. SHERMAN has been appointed to the command of all the armies of the United States.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

FREDERICK.—A case was tried in the Frederick court last week, between Mr. Marshall, of Virginia, and a Mr. Moore of Washington county, involving the title to a horse valued at $125—the costs runing up to $1,000. Marshall won the horse.—On the morning of the 1st inst., a little boy, about 4 years old, son of Mrs. Barnett, of Frederick, met with an accident which caused its death in about twenty-four hours. The mother of the child who was absent at Emmittsburg at the time, attending a sick relative, left it in charge of her sister. On the morning of the accident the child was left alone in the room while its aunt went up stairs to attend to something and during her absence it caught fire whilst playing at the stove. She heard the child cry, but not suspecting the cause, she did not go down immediately. At this juncture a gentleman on the street, attracted by the smoke issuing from the house, ran and opened the front door, when to his astonishment he found the child enveloped in flames. Assisted by the child's aunt who had reached the room by this time, he immediately extinguished the flames, but not in time to save its life. Dr. Hull was called in and upon examination it was found that the body of the child was badly burned, and after lingering for about twenty-four hours, death came to its relief.

FRANKLIN.—Samuel Branch, of Waynesboro, was arrested on the 25th ult., charged with an attempt to commit a rape on the the daughter of John W. Zook, aged 13 years.—John Lasher's Mill, Hamilton township, was destroyed by fire on the 2d inst.—John Grove, residing about 1½ miles north of Chambersburg, while driving a team on Saturday last, became so benummed by the cold that he fell from the horse, the wheels of the wagon passing over him and crushing his legs so badly as to make amputation of one of them necessary.—David Guyer, Jr., met with his death, on the 22d ult., in Horse Valley, this county, by the accidental discharge of a gun, the contents entering his mouth and lodging in his head or neck. Death ensued a few hours after the accident. He leaves a wife and two children.

WASHINGTON.—E. M. Baker has been appointed Postmaster at Keedysville.

YORK.—On the 3d inst., Charles Vance, brakesman on a freight train on the Northern Central road, was killed near New Cumberland, in a collision between the freight train and the Buffalo express.—On the same day a collision between two freight trains occured near Parkton, smashing a number of cars, and fatally injuring Mr. David Strickhouser, of Jefferson, who died next day.

ONE of the last acts of the Fortieth Congress, which received the approval of President Johnson, was that to regulate the reports of the National banks. Hitherto, they have made quarterly reports to the Comptroller; and the banks have regularly prepared for them, by reducing their liabilities and strengthening their reserves, in order that their business might appear to be safer than it really is. Under the new law, not less than five times each year the Comptroller will designate to the banks a day already past, and require from them a statement of their condition at the close of business on that day.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE well known Marshal George P. Kane, is a candidate for Sheriff in Baltimore.

BOSTON has had a wedding at which $10,000 worth of flowers were displayed.

THE Chinese tea-plant is being very successfully cultivated in East Tennessee.

COL. E. W. C. Greene resigned his position as Pension Agent for Philadelphia.

HON. John A. Logan has recently became a member of the Methodist church.

HANCOCK goes West to fight the Indians. He will know how to deal with the copper faces.

GEN. GRANT says no man shall hold a position under the Government without earning the salary he receives.

THE Maine House of Representatives, by a vote of 95 to 45, rejected a bill abolishing capital punishment.

A BOTTOMLESS pit has just been found in Tennessee. A good opening for Andrew Johnson.

CHICAGO shipped seventy-eight bushels of wheat in 1838. The amount shipped in 1868 was upwards of 40,000,000 bushels.

THE retirement of Mr. Wade from public life leaves Mr. Sumner the "Father of the Senate."

JAMES GRANT was acquitted on Saturday of the charge of having murdered H. Rives Pollard in Richmond.

A SCHOOL teacher in Chicago has paid fifteen dollars fine for beating a little girl pupil, because she broke a slate pencil.

A HANDSOME set of plate has been presented to Mrs. Abraham Lincoln by the admirers of her husband at Frank-on-the Main.

SAN FRANCISCO has strawberries and fresh samon the year round. The latter was not over fifteen cents a pound all the last year, and is now sold at ten cents.

ASHLAND, the home of Clay, is now the site of a university attended by over six hundred students from all parts of the Union.

MASSACHUSETTS ought to be a State in good standing, as she manufactures shoes and boots to the value of a hundred million dollars annually.

OHIO contemplates having the Declaration of Independence and Constitution inaugured into all the reading books in her schools.

THE scarlet fever is fearfully prevalent in Harrisburg, and in many cases whole households have been stricken down with the epidemic.

DR. Harris, of the New York Health Board, reports that the small pox is rapidly spreading in that city, and a general vaccination is recommended.

The Memphis *Post* is of the opinion that Andrew Johnson stands no chance whatever of being chosen Governor of Tennessee or United States Senator.

THE President's family will not move into the White House for a week or two, and as yet no special changes have been made in the condition of the premises.

THE Rhode Island Republican Convention nominated Hon. Seth Padelford for Governor, Gen. Burnside having declined a renomination.

THE house which was originally presented to Gen. Grant by his friends, has now been bought from him and presented to Gen. Sherman by sundry personal friends admirers of that officer.

NEBRASKA assessors for the next five years will deduct $100 from their valuation lists for each acre of forest trees planted and cultivated, and $50 for each acre of fruit trees. The State is short of timber.

GOVERNOR Geary has signed the death warrants of George S. Twitchell, Jr., for the murder of Mrs. Mary E. Hill, and and Gerald Eaton for the murder of Timothy Heenan. These men will be executed on the 8th of April.

ONE of President Grant's first acts has been to restore to active service, as Paymaster General, General Brice, who was retired recently by President Johnson, and to declare that he will be considered as having been continuously on duty.

IT is proposed in Philadelphia to bring the remains of William Penn from England to Pennsylvania, and to erect a splendid monument over them. They were buried in a leaded coffin and their transportation to America will not be difficult.

THE Union Pacific Railroad, according to a dispatch from Cheyenne dated Feb. 25, had up to that time been blocked fifteen days by four feet of snow near the Rocky mountains. Sixty tons of letter mails were delayed in consequence.

CHARLES S. SHAW, aged nineteen years, a farmer's boy of Minot, Me., started October 15th from home bound for Lincoln township, Iowa. Not taking the shortest route, he was obliged to walk seventeen hundred miles, and arrived there after forty-eight walking days, which would be a little more than thirty-five miles per day.

A VERY curious railroad accident happened recently near Mirzapore, India. A large elephant, seeing the red light and smoke, concluded the noisy locomotive was an enemy to be summarily demolished. He accordingly placed himself on the track, and met the strange creature head on, with trunk and tusks. The result was a dead elephant and eleven cars capsized. Only one man was killed.

KISSING HIS WIFE WHILE DYING OF HYDROPHOBIA.—Mr. Eckerson, who died of hydrophobia at Saddle river, N. J., had to be held by five or six men, and during his lucid intervals begged to kiss his wife, who was very ill in another part of the house. Just before his last dreadful fit he pleaded so piteously to kiss her once more before he died that, risking the consequences, they took her to his bed. The dying man carefully wiped the froth from his face, and compressing his teeth tightly to prevent any of the poisonous saliva exuding from his mouth, kissed the lips which he had so often pressed in love and affection, and then resolutely turning away, after bidding her adieu forever, relapsed into a dreadful paroxysm and died.

THE Maryland papers give a painful account of the execution of four colored men at Princess Ann, Maryland, on Friday, for the murder of the captain and mate of the schooner Brave, in the Chesapeake Bay, in March last. The execution of the men appears to have been made the occasion for a drunken frolic by very many of the large assemblage present, and to this repulsive feature was added a further horrible incident through the imperfect administration of the law. One of the criminals, through the rope not being properly adjusted, struggled desperately, and finally, by clutching the man hanging next to him, managed to get partly back upon the scaffold. From there, after a struggle with the executioner, he was again pushed off, and finally strangled to death.

FAILURE OF IRON DEFENCES.—Recent experiments at Shoeburyness have completely unsettled all pre-existent ideas on the subject of iron defences. The plate armor of ships of war which had hitherto resisted the heaviest projectiles was easily penetrated, and the targets were completely riddled by the Palliser bolt. The Chalmers target in particular, upon which such hopes has been built by the inventor, effectually broke down, though Chalmers, having died just as the Government had given him full sway to prove the efficacy of his invention, was spared the mortification of the failure. The *Pall Mall Gazette* says that the patents are almost impregnable for defence against the new bolts, and that every device and contrivance has so far proved worthless. The impervious target of the future will most probably be made of gutta percha.

LEE AT GETTYSBURG.

An Unpublished Chapter of war History—Lee's Report of the Invasion of Pennsylvania and Battle of Gettysburg.

The forthcoming number of the *Historical Magazine* will contain a document of marked interest to all who concern themselves with the history of the late war. This document is Gen. Lee's full official report of the "Invasion of Pennsylvania and the Battle of Gettysburg." It has never before been published, and is communicated from the original manuscript in the possession of Mr. William Swinton.

It was the habit of Lee to publish brief preliminary accounts of his military operations as speedily as possible after their occurrence; and subsequently, at his leisure, to prepare full official reports. Such a brief preliminary account of the great Pennsylvania campaign of 1863, was made public on the return of the Confederate army to Virginia after the campaign. Lee, however, never found opportunity to write his complete and final report till the winter of 1864-5, when he lay within the lines of Petersburg, besieged by Grant. During the retreat from Petersburg and Richmond in April, 1865, all the papers belonging to the Confederate commander were burnt in one of the headquarters' wagons, which was fired by the person in charge under the anticipation that it would fall into the hands of the Union force. It happened, however, that the manuscript report of the invasion of Pennsylvania and the battle of Gettysburg was on the person of one of Lee's staff officers. Thus preserved, it now sees the light for the first time.

The report is very elaborate and much too lengthy for any other than a brief digest here. It begins with an account of the manœuvres put in practice by Lee with the view of drawing the Union army under Hooker from its defensive position along the line of the Rappahannock, and then proceeds to sketch the subsequent operations of the Confederate army up to the time of crossing the Potomac. The general object of the campaign is thus stated:

"Upon the retreat of the Federal army commanded by Major General Hooker, from Chancellorsville, it occupied the ground north of the Rappahannock, opposite Fredericksburg, where it could not be attacked except at a disadvantage.

"It was determined to draw it from this position, and, if practicable, transfer the scene of hostilities beyond the Potomac. The execution of this purpose also embraced the expulsion of the force under Gen. Milroy, which had infested the lower Shenandoah Valley during the preceding winter and spring. If unable to attain the valuable result which might be expected to follow a decided advantage gained over the enemy in Maryland or Pennsylvania, it was hoped that we should at least so far disturb his plan for the summer campaign as to prevent its execution during the season of active operations."

It appears that the initial movements of the campaign were begun as early as the first week in June, 1863, at which time the commands of Longstreet and Ewell were secretly transferred to Culpepper Court House. After a while Hooker became suspicious that something had taken place, and accordingly he threw a reconnoitering force across the Rappahannock below Fredericksburg; but, says Lee, "Hill's corps was left to watch these troops, with instructions to follow the movements of the (Confederate) army as soon as they should retire." Under this mask, Ewell shot rapidly across into the Shenandoah valley, and marching quickly forward overwhelmed Milroy at Winchester, and opened the gateway to the passage of the Potomac. The result of these preliminary operations in the Valley is thus summed up by Lee:

"These operations resulted in the expulsion of the enemy from the Valley, the capture of four thousand prisoners, with a corresponding number of small arms, twenty-eight pieces of superior artillery, including those taken by General Rhodes and General Hays, about three hundred wagons, and as many horses, together with a considerable quantity of ordinance, commissary, and quartermasters' stores. Our entire loss was forty-seven killed, two hundred and nineteen wounded, and six missing."

At the same time that Ewell was operating in the Valley, another *role* was assigned Longstreet. "In order to mislead Hooker as to our intentions," says Lee, "Longstreet left Culpepper Court House on the 15th of June, and, advancing along the eastern side of the Blue Ridge, occupied Ashbey's and Snicker's Gaps." The effect of this manœuvre was to attract Hooker's attention toward the Blue Ridge, and leave him to grave doubt as to whether his enemy designed crossing the Potomac into Maryland, or falling upon the rear of the Union army in case it should cross. While Hooker was thus kept in suspense, the van of Lee's army, under Ewell, passed the Potomac, and, traversing Maryland, reached Chambersburg. The situation of the Union army is thus depicted by Lee:

"The Federal army was apparently guarding the approaches to Washington, and manifested no disposition to assume the offensive. In the meantime the progress of Ewell, who was already in Maryland, with Jenkins' cavalry advanced into Pennsylvania as far as Chambersburg, rendered it necessary that the rest of the army should be within supporting distance; and Hill having reached the Valley, Longstreet was withdrawn to the west side of the Shenandoah, and the two corps encamped near Berryville.

"General Stuart was directed to hold the mountain passes with part of his command, as long as the enemy remained south of the Potomac; and, with the remainder, to cross into Maryland and place himself on the right of Gen. Ewell. Upon the suggestion of the former officer, that he could damage the enemy and delay his passage of the river by getting in his rear, he was authorized to do so; and it was left to his discretion whether to enter Maryland east or west of the Blue Ridge; but he was instructed to lose no time in placing his command on the right of our column, as soon as he could perceive the enemy moving northward.

"On the 22d Gen. Ewell marched into Pensylvania with Rhodes's and Johnson's divisions, preceded by Jenkin's cavalry; taking the road from Hagerstown, through Chambersburg, to Carlisle, where he arrived on the 27th. Early's division, which had occupied Boonsboro, moved by a parallel road to Greenwood; and, in pursuance of instructions previously given, Gen. Early marched toward York. On the 24th, Longstreet and Hill were put in motion to follow Ewell; and on the 27th he encamped near Chambersburg."

It was not till the 25th that Hooker became apprised that the whole hostile column was really across the Potomac. Thereupon he also passed the river and immediately threw his force forward to Frederick, which was both a bold and correct movement.

From the above extract from the report of Lee it will be seen that Longstreet and Hill were at Chambersburg on the 27th of June. Meanwhile, however, Ewell had moved northward toward the Susquehanna, while Early was operating at York and Carlisle. The purpose of that move will be fully disclosed in the following passage, which throws an entirely new light on the purposes of the Confederate Commander in this invasion, and also explains a great deal of maneuvering that is otherwise quite incomprehensible:

"It was expected that, as soon as the Federal army should cross the Potomac, Gen. Stuart would give notice of its movements; and nothing having been heard from him since our entrance into Maryland, it was inferred that the enemy had not left Virginia. Orders were therefore issued to move upon Harrisburg. The expedition of Gen. Early to York was designed, in part, to prepare for this undertaking, by breaking the railroad between Baltimore and Harrisburg, and seizing the bridges over the Susquehanna at Wrightsville. Gen. Early succeeded in the first object, destroying a number of bridges above and below York; but, on the approach of the troops sent by him to Wrightsville, a body of militia stationed at that place fled across the river and burnt the bridge in their retreat. Gen. Early then marched to rejoin his corps. The advance against Harrisburg was arrested by intelligence received from a scout, on the night of the 28th, to the effect that the army of Gen. Hooker had crossed the Potomac, and was approaching the South Mountains. In the absence of the cavalry, it was impossible to ascertain his intentions, but to deter him from advancing further west and intercepting our communications from Virginia, it was determined to concentrate the army east of the mountains."

From this passage the following remarkable facts appear:

1. That Lee, owing to the absence of the cavalry of Stuart, (who, making a bad botch of his work, had allowed the Union army to interpose itself between him and Lee's army during the whole march northward from the Potomac, and had therefore not been able to follow out his instructions of "placing himself on Ewell's right,") was, on the night of the 27th of June, at which time he was at Chambersburg, not aware that the Union army had crossed to the north side of the Potomac. In point of fact, this move had not only made, but on that day, 27th of June, a concentration of the entire Union army had been effected at Frederick.

2. That Lee's purpose in his march into Pennsylvania, was to cross the Susquehanna and move upon Harrisburg, and probably Philadelphia. This is a stretch of audacity far beyond what has been supposed to have been entertained by the Confederate commander. Yet it is rendered manifest by his own avowal: "The orders were issued to move upon Harrisburg." The expedition of Early to York had been designed to prepare for this undertaking. The vistas of possibility opened up by this bold design heighten our conception of the magnitude and importance of that decisive action of Gettysburg, which checked Lee in his invasive ardor, and compelled him to seek safety in a retreat into Virginia.

3. That he was prevented from carrying this plan into execution by a curious error. He heard through a scout on the night of the 27th of June, that the Union army, having crossed the Potomac, "was approaching the South Mountains." This was a move that would menace the line of communication of the Confederate army; and, in consequence, Lee "determined to concentrate the army east of the mountains." This requires a word of explanation.—When Hooker had concentrated his army at Frederick on the 27th, he from that point threw out a force to advance westward through the passes of the South Mountain to Harper's Ferry, at which point he expected to have this force joined by the local garrison of ten thousand men, when he designed moving this special column up the Cumberland Valley to menace Lee's rear. But Halleck would not consent that Harper's Ferry garrison should join this force, so it was drawn back to Frederick by Hooker. Next day Hooker was relieved by Meade, who moved his entire army northward on the west side of the Susquehanna. It thus appears that by the time when, on the night of the 28th of June, Lee received the information of this movement, which threatened his communications, the movement had been entirely abandoned.

The manœuvres just pointed out make plain the train of accidental circumstances which brought about that the decisive conflict of the campaign took place at Gettysburg—a place which certainly was the object of neither army, and of which, in fact, neither the Union nor the Confederate commander had ever heard. Meade was moving northward without knowing exactly anything of the whereabouts of his enemy, and without any very definite aim save that he would move northward till he should cause Lee to unloose his hold on the Susquehanna. His left flank on his march naturally skirted Gettysburg. Lee wrongly fancying that the Union army was moving on his line of communications toward Harper's Ferry, resolved, as a counter move, to march eastward from Chambersburg to the east side of the Mountains. This line of March inevitable brought him to Gettysburg. Thus it was that the respective line of march of the hostile armies intersected each other, and it was a matter of fate that the opposing forces should meet. The point of deadly encounter was Gettysburg.

Lee's description of the three day's action at Gettysburg is very detailed, but fragmentary extracts would be of little value.—It is well known that the action was precipitated unknown to each commander—it was in fact the accidental meeting of two heads of columns. The enemy was successful on the first day's attack, and it seems to have been only after Lee came on the field, after this flush of victory, that he seriously entertained the idea of giving battle, for he had promised his corps commanders that he would not assume a tactical offensive, but would so manœuvre as to compel the Union army to attack him. He says:

"It had not been intended to deliver a general battle so far from our base unless attacked; but, coming unexpectedly upon the whole Federal army, to withdraw through the mountains, with our extensive trains, would have been difficult and dangerous. At the same time, we were unable to await an attack, as the country was unfavorable for collecting supplies in the presence of the enemy, who could restrain our foraging parties by holding the mountain passes with local and other troops. A battle had, therefore, become in a measure unavoidable; and the success already gained gave hope of a favorable issue."

Lee's plan of battle for the 2nd of July stands thus in his own words:

"It was determined to make the principal attack upon the enemy's left, and endeavor to gain a position from which it was thought that our artillery could be brought to bear with effect. Longstreet was directed to place the divisions of McLane and Hood on the right of Hill, partially enveloping the enemy's left, which he was to drive in. Gen. Hill was ordered to threaten the enemy's centre, to prevent reinforcements being drawn to either wing, and co-operate with his right division on Longstreet's attack. General Ewell was instructed to make a simultaneous demonstration upon the enemy's right, to be converted into a real attack should opportunity offer."

The manner in which this plan was carried into execution is well known; but this report reveals a multitude of facts which throw new light on the events of the day.—Thus the failure of Early to carry the position on the Union right (Culp's Hill) is accounted for by the failure of expected support on his right. "Gen. Ewell," says he, "had directed Gen. Rodes to attack in concert with Gen. Early, covering his right, and had requested Gen. Lane, then commanding Pender's division, to co-operate on the right of Rodes. When the time to attack arrived, Gen. Rodes, not having his troops in position, was unprepared to co-operate with Gen. Early, and before he could get in readiness, the latter had been obliged to retire from want of expected support on his right."

This second day's action was, on the whole, fav

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, Mar. 12, 1869.

TICKETS.—Our Republican friends in the townships, desiring Tickets printed, will please send in their orders promptly, as soon as the tickets are agreed on.

CHANGE OF RESIDENCE.—Subscribers who intend to change their residence this spring will please give us timely notice, that we may correct our mailing list.

On Monday last, our Representative, read a bill to change the place of holding elections in the township of Huntingdon, in the county of Adams.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—Mr. Sheely announces the opening of the next session of his Normal School on the 29th inst., to continue 13 weeks.

SALE.—The sale of Capt. I. R. Shipley's Personal Property, Round Hill, will take place on Tuesday next March 16. See advertisement.

PASTORAL.—Rev. J. E. Honeycutt, lately of Duncannon, Pa. has received and accepted a call to the Lutheran Church at New Chester, this county, and has entered upon his duties.

We understand that the Franklin Zouaves have accepted an invitation to be present at the dedication of the Soldiers' Monument in Harrisburg on the 26th of May next.

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.—Friday next is the day for the Township elections. Republicans, to your posts. Nominate good men, and then elect them. Don't let coffee pot Wallace's programme catch you napping.

COLD SNAP.—Last week for a few days and the early part of this week the weather was raw and cold, the thermometer getting nearer to zero than was agreeable to those who dread a cold temperature, but exceedingly inspiring to the young folks who have not had enough of skating. The weather has since moderated.

SALES.—Dr. D. Study has purchased the farm of John Snyder, in Cumberland township—75 acres, at 2,000 cash.

Edward Menchy has purchased 6 acres of cleared land from the estate of Jacob Stavely, deceased, in Germany township, at $50 per acre.

Leonard McElwee has sold his farm, in Huntington township, to Andrew Wagner, of York county—35 acres, for $3,600.

John S. Crawford, Esq., some weeks ago sold his farm on Marsh Creek to Hon. Edward McPherson, 300 acres, at $42 an acre—$12,600.

REMARKABLE.—Pausing a few days since for a short time in a shop on Baltimore street in this place our attention was attracted by the fact, that the proprietor and three employers, all present, were, men well advanced in life, as was attested by the gray hairs of all. On inquiry, we ascertained that the proprietor had been in the same shop for fifty years, and that two of the employees, of whom we have spoken, have been there 35 years each.—The united ages of the four is 247, being an average of 61¾ years. Is not this something rather remarkable, and rarely paralleled in this fast age of continual change?

DEAD.—The Saint Peter (Minnesota) *Tribune* of the 3rd instant, comes to us in mourning over the death of Mr. HENRY A. SWIFT, of that place, one its most prominent and respected citizens. An editorial obituary refers to the high social standing and exemplary character of the deceased, and attests the loss felt in the community by putting the paper in mourning. Mr. SWIFT was a brother-in-law of Mr. SOLOMON J. WELTY, of this place, having married Miss RUTH ANN LIVINGSTON, daughter of ADAM LIVINGSTON, deceased.

FIRE.—We regret to learn that the fine dwelling of Mr. EPHRAIM D. NEWMAN, on the pike in Franklin township, formerly known as "Newman's Tavern," was destroyed by fire on Saturday afternoon last. The fire is said to have originated from sparks from the chimney. When discovered the roof was all in a blaze, and in consequence of the high wind prevailing at the time the progress of the fire was so rapid that little or no furniture was saved. The building had recently been thoroughly repaired and was occupied by Mr. D. as a dwelling. We understand there was an insurance in the Mummasburg Company, but have not learned the amount.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—Commissioner Rollins, in response to the inquiry, "can a farmer get his grain manufactured into chaff and wheat or retail the same without license?" has decided that "though a farmer may, without liability to special tax, sell his *grain or other farm products*, either at the place of production, or while travelling about from place to place in the manner of a peddler, yet this exemption is limited by the law to the *products of his own farm*; and, therefore, when he has grain floured at the mill, or manufactured into flour, it being no longer a farm *product*, but a manufactured article, the farmer would be liable to special tax, the same as any other person, either as a dealer or peddler, according as he may sell the same from any fixed place where he may keep it for sale or sell while travelling about from place to place in the manner of a peddler, and without regard whether he may sell in small quantities or by the wagon load."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Last week we briefly noticed the death of James Grimes, on the 24th ult., while quarrying stone near Frederick, Md. The *Examiner* of the 3d inst. says:—"It seems he had been at work some time undermining the stone, which weighs about two tons, and was endeavoring to throw it from its fastening, when it fell on him, killing him instantly; but strange to say when the stone was removed, which took three quarters of an hour, not a bone was broken, which is explained by the fact that the ground on which he was standing is light and sandy, and when the stone fell it buried him to the earth. Deceased, prior to the war of the rebellion, was a resident of Adams county, Pa., and his wife and children reside at present in Petersburg, in said county. When the war broke out he came here and enlisted in Company C. Cole's Cavalry, and served three years, when he was honorably discharged. He was about 38 years old."

A VALUABLE WORK.—We have received some advance pages of a new edition of Conybeare and Howson's "*Life and Epistles of St. Paul*," now in press by Messrs. R. W. Bliss & Co., Hartford Conn. It is a standard English work of great value but its high price has prevented its general circulation in this country. The low price at which Messrs. Bliss & Co., propose to publish it must give it a large circulation. This edition will contain an introduction from the pen of Dr. McCosh, President of Princeton College. The annexed extract from a letter of Rev. Dr. VALENTINE, the accomplished President of Pennsylvania College, to the publishers, attest the value of the work more effectually than anything we could write:

"The friends of Biblical learning have reason to be glad of your proposed republication of Conybeare and Howson's great work on the "Life and Epistles of St. Paul." The work has become a necessity to every student of the New Testament. It is unequalled in its department. It is marked by a rare combination of extensive research, discriminating judgment, apt arrangement, and clear and scholarly discussion. It is a matter of special gratification, that your edition of the work is issued at a rate which will bring it within the reach of Teachers of Bible Classes and Sunday Schools, who will find it rich in most valuable information.

Messrs. BLISS & Co., propose to furnish this fine edition at the low price of: $3.50.—It will be sold only by sub-cription, and canvassers are wanted at once. See advertisement in another column.

PUZZLES AND PROBLEMS.

[We have received a number of communications, some containing solutions and others announcing new problems. While disposed to gratify our young friends in this department, we want it DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD:—1. That we pay no attention to *anonymous* communications; 2. That when problems are sent in for publication they must be accompanied by the solutions, that the editor may judge in advance of the character of them.]

1.—PUZZLE.

Four men, A. B. C. & D., took a flock of sheep to keep. A took half the flock and half a sheep; B took half A left, and half a sheep; C took half B left, and half a sheep; D comes on and has no choice to make, for there is but one for him to take. The flock are now divided,

The sheep are all alive and well,
And the matter is decided
If the number you can tell. B.

2.—CHARADE.

"Wicked paynims full fifty or more
Before my lance have gone down on the sand;
Dragons a dozen and giants a score
All have fallen beneath my hand;
Enchanters a few and kings one or two
I have conquered at your command."

Thus a young knight made his suit
To a lady coquettish and fickle and gay,
But she was either provokingly mute
Or else would say him nay,
For she was my *whole*, and vexed his soul
By the pranks she made him play.

He went to his castle my *last* to keep,
And he travelled along in sore distress,
For my *first* was long and rough and steep,
And how could he ever guess—
Who knew less by far of wooing than war—
That "no" could ever mean "yes"?

3.—ENIGMA.

I am composed of 16 letters.
My 3, 5, 10, 1, often has my 9, 2, 11, 12, 14, 6, in it.
My 11, 7, 3, 12, 13, 14, is what my 4, 14, 9, does.
My 4, 7, 16, is given to horses.
My 14, 16, 14, is what my 10 cannot well do without.
My 8, 5, 13, 14, is beneath your foot.
My whole is a popular book written by a popular author.

ANSWERS TO LAST WEEL'S PROBLEMS, &c.

1—The nine digits, to make 100, are arranged thus:

$94\frac{1578}{263}$, or $96\frac{2148}{537}$.

2.—Nineteen cross to give nine straight rows with five trees in each row, can be planted, by protracting two equilateral triangles laid across each other so as to have the angles of one lapping the side of the other, and then joining the opposite angles by right lines. The points where lines intersect will give the position of the trees.

3.—A had 7 and B 5 sheep.

4.—Charade.—*Pur—chase.* Purchase.

5.—Puzzle.—Brummell.

7.—Geographical.—1. Keene: 2. Rutland; 3. Concord; 4. Champlain; 5. Owego; 6 Oil City; 7. Hollidaysburg; 8. Lynchburg; 9. Catskill; 10. Fishkill.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

LECTURE AND READING ENTERTAINMENT AT YORK SPRINGS.—Last evening, S. J. Koontz, A. M., delivered a lecture in this place on "The Oratory of Revolutionary Periods." There were so fortunate as to gain admittance enjoyed quite an intellectual treat. The lecture was well written, and though faulty in minor particulars, was delivered in a style so as to gain the attention and appreciation of all present. Mr. K. has read and studied to a good purpose, and possesses a thorough knowledge of history, which enables him to reason and arrive at important conclusions drawn from the voluminous records of the past. After the lecture the audience was entertained by the rendering of selections from Shakspeare, Dickens, Poe, and others, and to show the difference in style, several chapters from the Bible were read in a most forcible and impressive manner. The entertainment was concluded by reading Mrs. Caudle's Lecture, which almost in a literal sense "brought down the house." Mr. Koontz is a good elocutionist, a pleasant speaker, and possesses all the qualifications belonging to a popular lecturer.

Y. Springs, March 2, 1869. C. G B.

PERSONAL PROPERTY SALES.

For the convenience of our readers, we annex a list of the Sales of Personal Property to be found in our advertising columns:

March 15—John W. Weigle, Highland "
" 16 and 17—Jonas Roth, Butler "
" 16—John Cress, Straban "
" 16—I. R. Shipley, Round Hill. "
" 17—Shepard Stammers, Straban "
" 18—Amos Bachman, Union "
" 18—J. W. Lott, Cumberland "
" 18—Assignee Isaac McKeuly, Menallen twp.
" 19—George Peters, Menallen "
" 25—Daniel H. Benner, Straban township.
" 24—E. A. Monfort, Hunterstown "
" 29—Exec'rs Daniel Gerver, Liberty twp.
" 30—E. P. Pittinger, Cashtown.

THE MORNING GLORY.—Col. C. H. BUEHLER has received a large assortment of these famous base-burning Stoves, which on the score of economy, cleanliness, easy management, and general utility stand unrivalled and defy competition. The great demand for them last season taxed the capacity of the Manufacturers to meet the demand. They are much improved and will doubtless ere long take the place of all other stoves for parlor, office store and shop. Call and look at them at the Wareroom on corner of Carlisle and Railroad street, opposite the depot.

Also, on hand a full assortment of the best varieties of COOKING STOVES, including the Spear, Noble Cook, Waverly, Oriental, Washing, Barley Sheaf, Prince Royal, Royal Cook, Excelsior, &c. &c., all WARRANTED to be good bakers. If not satisfactory, they can be returned and the money refunded. Also, a large assortment of Hollow Ware and Tin Ware, Doty's Washing Machine and Universa Wringer. Call and examine. tf

HEAD QUARTERS REMOVED.—Capt. NORRIS, has removed his store to Arnold's Corner, next door to the 1st National Bank, where you will find one of the best and cheapest Stock of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, and Shoes, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods of every discription, in the county. He is selling Winter Clothing at greately reduced prices to make room for Spring Goods. If you want a BARGAIN go to NORRIS' corner. All kinds of Men's and Boy's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes as cheap as before the War. If you don't believe this, *call* and be convinced.—Don't forget the place. tf.

JUST THE THINGS—Wanted, by every Housekeeper, and when once tried will not be dispensed with. We mean, of course, the Patent Press and Strainer for lard, tallow, cider, apples, tomatoes, pumpkins, potatoes, berries, jellies, jam, &c.,—and the Patent Tack Driver, for streching and tacking Carpets at the same time. They are both ingenious contrivances, and should be in every family. To be had at Col. Buehler's Ware-room, Carlisle street, opposite Depot. tf

PREMIUMS.—The publisher of "Wood's Household Advocate," Newburg, N. Y., an excellent weekly literary journal—offers unusually liberal premiums for new subscribers. See adv.

GO! O! O!—Noman will, after the 1st day of January sell all kinds of Winter Clothing at greatly reduced prices—Over Coats as low as $6.00, Cavalry Over Coats at $8.34, Infantry Over Coats $8.34, and all other Winter goods at greatly reduced prices, to make room for Spring goods. tf

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.
Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	6 00	@	6 25
EXTRA FLOUR,	6 75	@	7 25
WHITE WHEAT,	2 10	@	2 20
RED WHEAT,	1 65	@	2 15
CORN,	88	@	89
RYE,	1 40	@	1 45
OATS,	68	@	70
TIMOTHY-SEED,	3 50	@	3 75
CLOVER-SEED,	10 25	@	10 50
FLAX-SEED,	2 50	@	2 55
BACON, SHOULDERS,	14	@	14½
" SIDES,	16½	@	17½
" HAMS,	00	@	00
LARD,	19	@	19½
GOLD, Phila			1 31½

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.
Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,			6 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	7 00	@	
WHITE WHEAT,	1 50	@	2 00
RED WHEAT,		@	1 40
CORN,			65
RYE,			1 25
OATS,			50
BUCKWHEAT,			90
TIMOTHY SEED,			2 50
CLOVER SEED,			8 00
POTATOES,	80	@	90
BUTTER,			35
LARD,			19
EGGS,			16
BACON, HAMS,			18
" SIDES,			16
" SHOULDERS,			15
SOAP,	6	@	8
TALLOW,			10

MARRIED.

BAUBLITZ—BAUBLITZ.—On the 5th inst., by Rev. Dr. Bauer, Mr. Emanuel Baublitz to Miss Catharine Baublitz, both of York county.

DUTTERA—MYERLY.—On the 25th ult., by Rev. W. C. Creamer, Mr. George Dutterra, of Littlestown, Pa., to Miss Jane Myerly, of Carroll county, Md.

HOUGHTELIN—McMILLAN.—On the 9th inst., by Rev. M. L. Drum, at the residence of the bride's father, Rev. W. H. Houghtelin to Miss M. Ada McMillan, both of Gettysburg.

LUCCHESI—ALLISON.—On the 9th ult., by Rev. Father Early, Mr. David H. Lucchesi, of Baltimore, to Miss Rose A. Allison, formerly of Littlestown.

DIED.

BAKER.—At East Berlin, on the 9th ult., Charles David, son of Dr. D. L. and Annie Baker, aged 4 years 1 month and 14 days.

GILBERT.—On Friday last, in this place, Clarissa F., wife of Martin Gilbert, and daughter of John Little, aged 27 years, 1 month and 7 days.

GLOSSER.—On the 3rd inst., in Fairfield, Jacob A. Glosser, son of Peter and Sarah Glosser, of Cumberland township, aged 23 years, 6 months and 12 days.

He is gone—he is gone from our gaze!
He is gone—but he is not lost;
Through earth's labyrinthian ways,
His spirit has all his spirit be toss'd.
He is gone from the cares of sin,
And sorrow, and darkness, and gloom;
At last entered joyfully in
To the Heaven of rest through the tomb.

HENSAL.—On the 23d ult., in Guthrie county, Iowa, Jennie May, infant daughter of James A. and Love S. Hensal, lately of this county, aged 1 year 2 months and 7 days.

Another hand is beckoning us,
Another call is given;
And glows once more with angel steps
The path, which reaches Heaven.
There seems a shadow on the day,
Her smile no longer cheers;
A dimness on the eye of night,
Like eyes, that look through tears.

Fold her, O father! in thy arms,
And let her henceforth be
A messenger of love between
Our human hearts and Thee.

MILLER.—On Sunday last, John Miller, of Mountpleasant township, aged 56 years and 9 months.

MORITZ.—Died, on the 1st inst., in Straban township, very suddenly, Rebecca Moritz, son of Isaac F. and Margaret Brinkerhoff, aged 18 years and 1 day.

TRIMMER.—On the 3rd ult., at Bethlehem, Sarah Ellen Tschop, aged 2 years, 9 months and 6 days.

SWIFT.—At Saint Peter, Minnesota, on the 25th ult., of typhoid fever, Henry A. Swift, aged 45 years and 11 months.

SHULTZ.—On Monday morning last, in this place, Mary Magdalena Shultz, aged 75 years, 2 months and 3 days.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Mrs. CLARISSA F. GILBERT, late of Gettysburg, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL HERBST, Ex'r.

March 12.—6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of ABRAHAM LIVINGST, deceased, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB LIVINGSTON, } Exec'rs.
WILLIAM LIVINGSTON, }

March 12.—6t*

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Margaret Mowery, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on *Saturday, March 27th*,

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Mount Joy township, one mile south of Bendersville, adjoining lands of Henry Peters, Solomon Peters, and George Peters, containing 31 ACRES & 79 PERCHES. The improvements consist of a two-story Log Dwelling, Log Barn, and other buildings.

Sale will commence at 1 o'clock P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HAINES, Auctioneer. Mar. 12.—4t

AGENTS WANTED.

[GOOD 'BOOK!" GREAT WAGES! LARGE SALES!]

FOR the *People's Edition* of that unrivaled Biblical work

CONYBEARE & HOWSON'S

"LIFE AND EPISTLES OF ST. PAUL,"

With an introduction by Rev. JAMES MCCOSH, D. D., LL. D., President of Princeton College, who was personally and intimately acquainted with the authors. Beautifully illustrated with Engravings and Maps, printed from new plates, with *Unabridged Text*, and English notes; forming one Volume of 1,000 pages. Highly recommended by the most eminent divines of all denominations, and sold only by subscription at the low price of $3.50. It is in fact the most Popular and saleable Edition published.

TAKE NOTICE.—As our Liberal Terms will surprise the reader, we advise him to send at once for Circular.

Address the Publishers, BLISS & CO.,
190 Broad street, Newark, N. J.

March 12—3t

SOMETHING NEW.

New Furniture Rooms.

Furniture Store in Gettysburg.

A. M. HUNTER & CO.

have been to the Eastern cities and have laid in a large and splendid assortment of

Cottage and Parlor Furniture,

equal in style to any house out of the city, which they offer to the public at city prices. Their stock consists of

FULL COTTAGE CHAMBER SUITS, from $30 up.
BUREAUS, from $6 up.
WASHSTANDS, from $4 up.
TOWEL RACKS, from 75 cts. up.
CHAIRS, from $6 set up.
BEDSTEADS, from $4 up.
WARDROBES, as low as $16.
TABLES, as low as $3.
SOFAS, as low as $20.
LOUNGES, as low as $7.
MATTRESSES, SPRING BED BOTTOMS and a great variety of other Goods, all at equally low rates.

Call and examine our stock,

AT THE OLD "SENTINEL" OFFICE,

South-east Corner of Diamond.

March 12—tf A. M. HUNTER & CO.

FARMER'S

TRY THE

Star Bone Phosphate.

TO all agriculturists, therefore, who are in search of an active and permanent manure, and who may have the claims of the article presented to their notice for the first time, the manufacturers would suggest, that the

STAR BONE PHOSPHATE

is worthy of their experimental trial, at last; past experience warrants the fullest confidence, that after a trial they will add their testimony to that of hundreds of farmers who now regard it as the cheapest and best manure in the market.

THE AMMONIA

is supplied abundantly from the organic portion of the bone.

PRICE $45 PER TON IN BAGS.

Farmers wishing Ground Bone Oil of Vitriol, can be supplied at short notice.

Circulars, Manure Phosphate for sale.

MYERS, GELWICKS & CO.,
Manufacturers of Fertilizers,
Gettysburg, Pa.

March 12—3m

SURVEYOR'S & WILSON,
Home Sewing Machine,
No. 2 Arch st. Philadelphia.

Agents wanted in all the very best cities.

March 12—6m* $60 A Month.

New Advertisements.

$40 STITCH! $37 50

$40 first class SEWING MACHINES given as premiums for $37.50 worth of subscriptions for WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD ADVOCATE, a first class $37 50
$40 Family paper, at 75 cents a year.— $37 50
$40 Also $37 50

$32 TICK! TICK! $30

$32 AMERICAN WATCHES, worth $32, given for $30 worth of subscriptions.— $30
$32 Also $30

$12 DICTIONARY. $12

$12 Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, worth $12, given as premiums for $12 worth of subscription. Also $12

$100 Sunday School $100

$80 LIBRARIES, $80

$60 Large or small, to be selected from $60
$50 400 volumes of the very *best* Books $50
$40 published and given as a premium $40
$30 for an equivalent amount of sub- $30
$24 scriptions. $24
&c. Also several other premiums equally liberal, &c.

☞ The ADVOCATE, (formerly called the Prospective,) contains 16 large pages, and aims to promote Knowledge, Virtue, and Temperance. It has been enlarged and improved three times in 27 months.—Send for specimen copy. Address

S. S. WOOD,
P. O. Building, Newburgh, N. Y.

March 12.—5t

AGENTS WANTED.

A BOOK OF GENERAL INTEREST to all CLASSES.

RECOLLECTIONS OF A BUSY LIFE.

BY

HORACE GREELEY.

In one elegant octavo volume of over 600 pages, well printed on fine paper, and illustrated with an admirable Portrait on Steel of Mr. GREELEY, with pictures of his various Homes, his Farm, &c., together with a beautiful Portrait of Margaret Fuller, engraved by Linton.

MR. GREELEY has said of it: "I shall never write anything else than which I shall put so much of myself, my experience, notions, convictions, and modes of thought, as these *Recollections*. I give, with small reserve, my mental history." The book embraces views of early New England settlement, the author's own youthful life, education, apprenticeship, adventures, professional and political reminiscences, experience in Congress, newspaper life in New York, and much useful talk about farms and farming. It is a peculiarly entertaining and valuable work,—a look behind the scenes during an important period of the country's history.

For terms, &c. Address with stamp,

CHAS. S. GREENE & CO.,
413 Chesnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

March 12.—4t

PUBLIC SALE.

On Tuesday the 20th of March inst, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The subscriber, intending to quit Hotel-keeping will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, the Noted Hotel, in Cashtown, Adams county, Pa., the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

1 GOOD BROWN MARE, a No. 1 Cow, 2 shoats of extra size, a Spring Wagon, Carriage, Sleigh and Bells, set of Harness, Fly Net, 2 Riding Bridles, a lot of Halters, Cows' and Steers' Yoke and Chains, Mattock, Wheelbarrow, Wood Saw, Double Bit Axes, Manure Forks, 1 Horse Blanket, Reel and Spinning Wheel; also, Bar Room Fixtures, including Chairs, Lamps, Water Tank, Rinsing Tub, Water Grate, Bottles, Tumblers, Decanters, Pitchers, Trays, Jugs, Demijohns, Sample Stove and Pipe, Backgammon Board, &c.—Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Bedsteads, Bedding, Chairs, Extension Rocking Chair, Cottage Table, Coal Stove and Pipe, Coal Bucket and Grate, Sheet Iron, Stove Stand, Clock, Stands, Looking Glasses, Carpeting, Oil Cloths, Queensware, Tin ware, a lot of first-rate Iron bound Whisky Kegs and Barrels, Cider Barrels, Boxes, Benches, and other articles. Also, 8,000 Sawed Chestnut Joint Shingles, 20 Cords of Wood, 200 Chestnut Rails. Also, a Timber Lot, containing 2 Acres and 16 Perches, mostly Hickory and Chestnut, from which 25 or 30 Cords of Wood can be cut, lying about ½ mile above Cashtown, near the pike, adjoining lands of Hezekiah Lashaw and Daniel Heintzelman.

A reasonable credit will be given; any person wishing to pay cash will have the benefit of the usual deduction. Hucksters are positively warned against selling or bringing any spirituous liquors on the ground on said day, as I pay a license and expect the benefit of the day.

E. P. KITTINGER.

JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Mar. 12—4t

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY

The undersigned, Executors of the Estate of Nathaniel Gregg, sen. dec'd., will sell at Public Sale, on *Monday, March 22nd, 1869*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the late residence of the deceased, in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Fairfield to Gettysburg, about midway between the two places, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

1 HORSE, 3 Cows, 1 Heifer, 4 Shotes, 1 four and 1 one-horse Wagon, 1 Cart, 1 Carriage, 2 Ploughs, Harrow, shovel Plough, Corn Coverer, 2 Fanning Mills, Single and double-shovel Cultivators, Wheat Fan Mill, single and double-soup Harness, Breechbands and Traces, Bells, Wagon and Side Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Log and Cow Chains, Jack Screw, Mattock, Rock Picks, Forks, Lumber-saw, Grindstone, Grain Cradles, Grass-cut, Hand and Circular Saws, Plane, Squares, Chisels, Augers, Brace and Bits, lot of Lumber, Scantling, Plank and Boards, Poplar Plank, Boards, and a lot of Oak Lath. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Bedsteads and Bedding, 2 Bureaus, Wash-stand, 2 Tables, Parlor and Bed-room Stoves, Cooking Stove and fixtures, 2 Tea-table Stove and pipe, Corner Kitchen Cupboards, Bureaus, Case of Drawers, Wash-stands, Looking Glasses, Chairs, Carpets, Desk and Book Case, Clock, Clothes Reel, Copper Kettle, Brass and Iron Kettles, Sausage Cutter, Meat Vessels, and a great variety of articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

JOHN MUSSELMAN,
ANNA M. GRAYSON, } Exec's.

ABSALOM SMITH, Auctioneer. [Mar. 5—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, Assignee of Isaac McKenly will sell at Public Sale, on *Tuesday, March 18, 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, on the premises, in Menallen township, near Eppleman's Mill, the following Personal Property, to wit:

4 HEAD WORK HORSES, three of them excellent Broad-breasted, Close-built, Young Colts; 1 Spring Cattle, 4 head Sheep, 1 good Chester shotes, 1 two and three-horse Wagon, with Long Bed and Hay Carriages, Bed and Body; 1 Buggy, Wire-cloth Fly Screening Mill, Cutting Box, 2 Plows, Shovel Plows, Corn Forks, Harrow, double and single Shovel, Cart of Breechbands, 2 set Front Gears, Bridles, Collars, Halters, Cow Chains, Log and Fifth Chains, 2 Spreaders, Grain Sacks, full set of single Harness, Wagon Saddle, Wagon Line, Basket Sleigh, two-horse Sled, Sleigh-Scoop, Grain Cradle, Scythes, Grain Cradle, Drum-Trough, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

JONAS RAUANZIAN, Assignee.

Mar. 5.—ts

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED & GENUINE *ELIAS HOWE, JR.,*

SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS,

Agent for Adams County, Pa., Granite Hill, P. O., (Gubler's Station.)

ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

☞ The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machine. Therefore none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, JR., on it, &c.

Feb. 26—tf

$5,000 WANTED!

PERSONS desiring to invest from $1,000 to $5,000 on perfectly safe Real Estate security, at 6 per cent. interest, free from all State and local taxation, will make immediate application to either of the undersigned.

M. McCLEAN,
Pres't Board of Trustees of Pa. College.
A. D. BUEHLER,
Treasurer.

March 5.—3t

GOOD STOCK AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, residing in Straban township, 1½ miles south-west of New Chester, offers at Private Sale, the following Stock, viz:

A BROWN MARE, with foal, a Bay Gelding rising three years old, (large and active,) a Bay Mare rising three years old, (sire Taylor, dam Morgan,) an Ayrshire Bull nineteen months old, three good Sheep.—Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and see the above mentioned Stock.

ABRAHAM FICKES.

Feb. 26. 1869-tf

PRIVATE SALE.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT,

with sixty-two Acres of Prime Frederick County Land attached there to, three miles from Frederick City, Md. All necessary Outbuildings; large Peach and Apple Orchards. Price $6,500.

Apply to Box 260, Frederick, Md.
Jan. 15.—3me

WANTED

BY a first-class LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, in General and Local Agents for this and surrounding counties. The dividend of this company in Jan. was 50 per cent. Among its features are: 30 days grace in payment of premiums; annual dividends; all policies non-forfeitable; does not limit travel.

INSURANCE, P. O., BOX 1874,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 26.—1m

VALUABLE STOCK AT PRIVATE SALE.

A fine young Horse, four years old, drives well and is surpassed by few as a Riding horse. 4 very fine three years old Heifers, which will be fresh the 1st of March.

☞ For further information. Inquire at this office.

March 5.—4t

JOHN G. LENHART,

SURVEYOR.

WILL promptly attend to all calls in the Surveying line.

CHARGES VERY MODERATE.

Residence in New Oxford, Adams co., Pa.

March 5.—tf

NORMAL SCHOOL.

THE next session of the Gettysburg Normal School will open MARCH 29th, and continue 13 weeks. The usual higher branches will be taught. A competent assistant has been engaged. Board in private families at reasonable rates.

Tuition $5.00, in advance.

Apply to AARON SHEELY,
March 5.—3t Gettysburg, Pa.

WANTED.—The highest price paid for Stocks and Lard by

S. & D. COBLE.

Mar. 5.—tf

A LL kinds of Fresh, and Salt Meats, at the sign of the very best of

S. & D. COBLE.

Mar. 5.—tf

New Advertisements.

BEYOND THE

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Life and Adventure on Prairie, Mountains, and the Pacific Coast. With over 200 descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines and Curiosities of the Great West.

To prospective emigrants and settlers in the "far West" this History of that vast and fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, means of travel, &c.

AGENTS WANTED.—Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

20,000 COPIES SOLD IN FORTY DAYS.—Unparalleled sale of books!

The Great Metropolis,

A MIRROR OF NEW YORK.

The Great Sensation of the Season! Is selling beyond all precedent. *Good Territory Still Free!*

1000 AGENTS WANTED.

☞ Send for our Pictorial Circular, which is sent free and is worth seeing. *Don't buy any imitation book.* Be sure and get THE MIRROR. Address BLISS & CO., Newark, N. J.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa.

MESSRS. LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Gents:—We have been using your make of

GANG SAWS

in our Mill, and find them, in point of quality, superior to any we have ever used. Yours, &c.

SHAW, BLANCHARD & CO.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL:—We have no trouble with your

SAWS;

they don't need to be lined up with paper; we put them on the Mandrel and they go right along.

Temper perfectly uniform and quality unsurpassed.

Respectfully, CHAS. J. FOX.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,

Manufacturers of Circular, Mulay, Mill, Gang and Cross-Cut Saws, Chopping Axes, all shapes, Collins's Patent Axe, Shovels, Spades and Miles' Patent Covered Scoop.

AGENTS WANTED in every town to sell the celebrated *Clipper Mowers and Reapers*—Lightest draft and most durable machines in use. Send for circular. CLIPPER MOWER & REAPER Co., 12 Cliff st., New York.

Plows! Plows! Plows!

CAST

STEEL

Awarded Premium at Paris.

CIRCULARS FREE TO ALL.

Address, COLLINS & CO.,
212 Water street, N. Y.

STEAM ENGINES

AND BOILERS.

FROM 4 TO 350 HORSE POWER, including the celebrated Corliss Cut-off Engines, Slide Valve Stationary Engines, Portable Engines, &c. Also, Circular, Mulay and Gang Saw Mills, Shafting, Pulleys, &c., Lath and Shingle Mills, Wheat and Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Belting, &c. Send for descriptive Circular and Price List. WOOD & MANN STEAM ENGINE CO., Utica, N. Y.

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!

"The Parlor Favorite."

THE immense demand for this popular instrument has induced us to make its manufacture a specialty, and we are consequently enabled to offer them at much lower rates than are charged for similar instruments by other makers. Inquire of resident dealers or send for circulars and prices to the Manufacturer Address GEO. M. GOULD & CO.,

Pianoforte Manufacturers, Boston, Mass.

WANTED, AGENTS, $75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second Stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties selling worthless cast-iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

83 WONDER.

INDUSTRY SEWING MACHINE.

Only THREE DOLLARS. Simple, practical & durable. Warranted for three years. Sent to any part of the United States and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Good Agents are wanted in every County in the United States. Address J. AHEARN, 63 Second street, Baltimore, Md.

The Patent Magic Comb

Will color gray hair a permanent black or brown.—Sold everywhere. Sent by mail for $1.00.

Address WM. PATTON, Treasurer,
Magic Comb Company, Springfield, Mass.

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit a pair of stockings per minute. Liberal inducements to Agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

EVERY SPORTSMAN, FARMER AND HORSEMAN, should send for our pamphlet of 32 pages, containing a full description of a new invention by which the most valuable Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and *vicious* horses can be driven with *perfect safety*. For breaking and training horses, it is better than Kersey's or any other system. Address N. P. BOYER & CO., Parkesburg, Chester Co., Pa.

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Are always to be found in the

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Each number of the NEW YORK WEEKLY contains Several Beautiful Illustrations. Double the Amount of Reading Matter of any Paper of its class, and the Sketches, Short Stories, Poems, etc., are by the ablest writers of America and Europe. The

NEW YORK WEEKLY

does not confine its usefulness to amusement, but publishes a great quantity of really Instructive Matter, in the most condensed form. The

N. Y. WEEKLY DEPART

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, Mar. 12, 1869.

THE CHECK REIN.

How often we see a horse straining every muscle in an attempt to draw some heavy load, his strength impaired by an unnatural position of the head and neck, caused solely by the tightness of the check-rein! Naturally the animal, to have full use of its muscles, must have its head and neck free, and having this, it will in exertion carry its head downward. The ignorance of this fact on the part of many owners and drivers of horses is the cause of not only much pain to the horse, as is testified to by the distortion of the muscles of the mouth, but of loss of time to the owner. It impairs the trotter's speed; it impairs the draught horse's strength. A celebrated veterinary surgeon, in speaking of the effect of the, check rein mentions that upon dissection, in almost every case where that almost superfluous piece of harness was used, "the wind-pipe of the horse was so misshaped as to prevent perfect respiration." A fact which many of the owners of our Broad street trotters would do well to carefully consider.

The writer has read of a case which happened in England about 1820, and which seems to prove the check-rein a preventive to the full use of power. A stage man having in his use a hundred horses, conceived the idea of the check rein being disadvantageous, and abandoned its use, and thereby did the same work with eighty horses, a saving of twenty per cent.

Although the check rein has its abuses, it also has its uses, to make the animal, if not naturally so, look, as the great poet says, "pound-headed," which, if not hard worked, is well enough. Again the horse, to raise his heels, must lower his head, and as a preventive of kicking, although not a thorough one, it becomes of use; so upon a horse while kitched, as a preventive of any attempt the horse may make to rub; and as a preventive also of the horse getting his head to the ground and thereby getting a dirty muzzle, a thing objectionable in the sight of a horseman.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

HEAVES IN HORSES.—In the "Modern Horse Doctor," by Dodd, the direct cause of heaves, or broken-wind, are imputed to over-exertion and indigestion. If the general health of the animal can be improved, a mitigation of the particular ailment will result, and, possibly, in some cases, a cure. The first point to be obtained is a restoration of the digestive functions, and for this purpose aromatic tonics are given, professionally denominated "tincture of aromatic sulphuric acid," one drachm, in a pint of water, night and morning. At the same time the horse is subjected to a course of alterative medicines, composed of powdered ginger, gentian, sulphur, salt, cream of tartar, charcoal, licorice, elecampaine, caraway seeds and balm of Gilead buds, chopped fine—equal parts of each. Mix with the food one ounce of this compound every night. While under the influence of this preparation severe exercise or hard and protracted labor should be avoided; but this does not necessarily imply total inaction. An improvement in condition manifests itself, the aromatic tincture may be given more sparingly and soon be omitted entirely, and the alterative medicine be diminished half, restricting it to half an ounce, night and morning. Water from a bucket regularly three times each day; and if a gormandizer of food, muzzle the animal, except at regular feeding times. A slight infusion of garlic into the food, chopped fine, daily, is reputed to produce paying results. An entire cure of a fully pronounced case of heaves is not readily accomplished by any mode of treatment—if, indeed, such a case be curable at all.—*Rural New Yorker.*

CHEAP WASH FOR BUILDINGS.—Take a clean, water-tight cask and put into it half a bushel of lime. Slack it by pouring water over it boiling hot, and in sufficient quantity to cover it five inches deep, and stir it till thoroughly slackened. When the lime has been slackened, dissolve it in water, and add two pounds of sulphate of zinc and one of common salt. These will cause the wash to harden and prevent its cracking, which gives an unseemly appearance to the work. A beautiful cream color may be given to the wash by adding three pounds of yellow ochre; or a good pearl or lead color by the addition of a lump of iron black. For fawn color add four pounds umber, one pound of Indian red, and pound common lamp black. For stone color add two pounds raw umber and two pounds lamp black. When applied to the outside of houses and to fences, it is rendered more durable by adding about a pint of sweet milk to a gallon of wash.—*Scientific American.*

GROWTH OF WOOL IN THE UNITED STATES.—The Rutland county (Vt.) Journals says: "The history of the growth of wool is curious. Fifty years ago not a pound of fine wool was grown in the United States, in Great Britain, or in any other country except Spain. In 1784 a flock was sent to the Elector of Saxony as a present from the King of Spain, whence the entire product of Saxony wool, now of such immense value. In 1809, during the invasion of Spain by the French, some of the valuable flock were sold to raise money. The American Consul Jarvis, at Lisbon, purchased 1400 head and sent them to this country. A portion of this pure and unmixed Merino flock is still to be found in Vermont at this time. Such was the origin of the immense flock of fine wool sheep in the United States at the present time."

ORCHARD CATERPILLAR.—This insect comes and goes—is abundant in some years, and in others disappears. When the millers or moths have left their rings or eggs on the shoots of trees, now is the time to destroy them. A practiced eye will see almost at a single glance if there are any on a tree, by the swelling or knob which one gives to a shoot. Select a dark or cloudy day, or else a day when the sky is entirely clear—avoid the bright clouds which will dazzle and hurt the eyes—and cut every shoot which contains the eggs, and commit them to the fire. A single clip of the orchard sheers on a pole will prevent a destructive nest of these depredators next season.—*Ohio Farmer.*

STOP HIS KICKING.—It is not an uncommon thing to meet with horses who will kick while in harness. Such horses are dangerous to drive, and the habit diminishes their value very much. A subscriber gives the following very simple method of preventing the practice of this pernicious trick:

Take a forked stick, about two feet long, varying a little, according to the size of the horse, tie the end of the fork firmly to each end of the bridle bit, and the other end of the stick to the lower end of the collar, so as to keep the head up, and this will prevent his kicking. A few days working in this manner will commonly effect a cure.—Horses are more apt to kick when turning in plowing or harrowing, than when doing any other work.—*Am. Stock Journal.*

STOP THOSE FLIES IN SUMMER.—Pare all the fruit off that is offered, (be particular in this,) then apply a wash made of molasses, sour cider, and an old fashioned pewter dinner-spoon in it. One or two applications will effect a cure.

STOP THOSE RATS OR MICE.—When all other remedies have failed, I have seen the rats and mice disappear entirely by the application of coal oil, the same we burn in our lamps. Take a piece of cotton batting, saturate it with coal oil. One ap-

Real and Personal Sales.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to move to the West, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 18th day of March, 1869*, at his residence, in Cumberland township, 3 miles south of Gettysburg, Pa., 3 miles west of Gettysburg, on the Chambersburg turnpike, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

2 NO. 1 WORK HORSES, the one 6 and the other 7 years old; 4 good Mules, all young and well broke, two of them 2 years and two 7 years old; 4 head of Milch Cows; 4 head of young Cattle, 1 good four-horse broad-tread Wagon, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, good Spring Wagon, for one or two horses, Carriage, good Sulky, Buckeye Reaper and Mower, good Lime Rock, Wood Ladders, Bark Ladders, Hay Carriage, Wire-tooth Rake, as good as new, Cutting Box, Wheelbarrow, 2 sets of Breechbands, 4 sets of Front Gears, 6 Bridles and Collars, nearly all have been in use only three years, 2 sets of harness, Lines of all kinds, 5 Dry Nets, good Riding Saddle, Side Saddle Riding Bridles, 2 Barshear Ploughs, 2 double shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, single shovel Plough, Harrow, 2 sets of Butt Chains, Halter Chains, Cow Chains, Fifth and other Chains, Sleigh and Bells, 2 Sleds, Roller, Feed Troughs, 2 Slough Locks, 2 Spreaders, Double and single Trees, 2 Grain Cradles, Scythes and Snaths, Forks, Shovels and Spades, Mattocks, Maul and Wedges, Axes, Iron Drill, Crowbar, lot of old Iron, &c. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as 1 Bedstead, Bureau, Corner Cupboard, 2 falling-leaf Tables, Chairs, Desk, Stand, Wood Box, Sink, Clock, Cook Stove and Fixtures, Tin-plate Stoves, Tubs of all kinds, Wool Wheel, Small Wheels, Reel, Small Copper Kettle, Iron Kettle, Tinware, Pots, Crocks, Benches, Barrels, Hogsheads, a lot of Bacon, a lot of Rags, Shot Gun, Pistol, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given by the undersigned. Terms of sale—All sums under $10 to be paid cash; on all sums of $10 or more a credit of eleven months will be given, on notes with approved security. Persons wishing to pay cash on notes will have the advance of 5 per cent.

J. W. LOTT.

JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer.

Also, on *Tuesday, the 23rd of March next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, 2 LOTS OF MOUNTAIN LAND, situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Jacob Diehl, Joseph Wible and Abraham Waybright, the one lot containing 22 acres, more or less, and the other 6 acres, more or less, and both covered with good Chestnut Timber. Bidders are requested to gather at Singley's saw Mill, which is only a short distance from the lots.

Feb. 26.—3t J. W. LOTT.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, 18th day of March, 1869*, at 9 o'clock, *A. M.*, at his residence in Union township, Adams county, Pa., about 2 miles north of Littlestown, on the forks of the road the one leading to Bonaughtown and the other to Conowago Chapel, the following Personal Property, viz:

4 LARGE, ELEGANT WORK HORSES, two of them Brood Mares heavy with foal, 6 head of Milch Cows, 2 of them will be fresh about the sale, 5 head of young Cattle, Large Bull, Brood Sow with Pigs, 2 four-horse Wagons, 1 a three-inch and the other a narrow-tread Wagon, 1 two horse and 1 Spring Wagons, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, Harrisburg Fanning Mill, (Reynold's Patent,) Fodder Cutter, Corn Planter, Hay Carriages, Plows, Harrows, 1 Grain Drill, Corn Forks, Shovel Plows, Roller, Cultivator, Dung Hook, Rake, Reaper and Mower, Spring Rake, Breechbands, Front, and Plow Gears, Blind Bridles, Collars, Fly Nets, Log, Fifth, Breast, Halter, Butt and Cow Chains, Wagon Saddle and Whip, Crosscut Saw, Maul and Wedges, double, single and treble Trees, Grain Cradles, Jackscrew, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Mattock, Crowbar, Scythes, lot of Bags, Log Sled, Hoisting Rope and Pulleys, Stone Bed, Grindstone, a good Bull Terrier Dog. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Bedsteads and Bedding, 2 Tables, one a Centre Table, Ten-plate and Parlor Stoves and Pipe, Sausage Cutter, Flax Hecket, Meat Vessel and a great many articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer. AMOS BASEHOAR.

[Feb. 12.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of Rosanna Monfort, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 24th day of March next*, at 10 o'clock, *A. M.*, at the late residence of said deceased, in Hunterstown, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

1 BAY MARE, she is an excellent family Beast and will work any place, 1 Shifting-top Buggy, one horse Wagon, set of Wagon Harness, Sleigh and Bells, Washing Machine and Wringer, lot of Barrels, Sap of Bees and Hives, 2 Bedsteads and Bedding, Carpeting, Kitchen Cupboard, Cooking Stove and fixtures, Chairs, Case of Drawers, Sideboard, Side Board, Stands, Feather Bed, Looking Glasses, Clock, Copper Kettle, Lard Can, Pots, Ovens, Lides, Fire Dogs, Butter Basket, Wheel and Reel, Side Saddle, lot of new Bags, 2 small Kettles, Crocks, Doughtray, Wood Box, Sugar Bucket, Sieves, Churn, Churn Dasher, Quilting Frames, 5 Gallon Jug, and many articles too numerous to mention.

Feb. 12.—ts E. A. MONFORT, Adm'r.

PUBLIC SALE.

Having sold my Farm and Nursery, I am going to the West, and will therefore sell at Public Sale, *on Friday, the 19th day of March next*, at my residence, in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., one mile south of Bendersville, to wit:

All my HORSES, Cattle and Sheep, Wagons, Carriages, Sulkies, Sleighs, Hay, all kinds of Agricultural Machinery and Implements, including Threshing Machine, Grain Drill, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Rolling Screen, Ploughs, Harrows, Corn Forks, Shovel Ploughs, single and double Trees, a large lot of Gears and Harness, Corn by the bushel and Clustered Cradles, Mowing Scythes, Halter and Cow Chains, Butt and Breast Chains, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, and hundreds of other articles used on the Farm and in the Nursery; Wheat by the bushel, a lot of Lumber, Boxes, &c. Also, all my Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Cupboards, Sofas, Safe, Clock Stove and Stove Pipe, Iron Kettles, Pots, Pans, Queens-ware, Earthen-ware, Tin ware, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE ETTERS.

JOHN HAINES, Auctioneer. [Feb. 26.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On Monday the 15th of March next, at 10 o'clock, *A. M.*

The subscriber having sold his Mill, and intending to remove, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence in Highland township, (Weigle's Mill,) the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

1 COW, nearly fresh, 3 Stoves, Sled, 1 Sand Screen, 1 Rolling Screen, 1 pair small Scales and Weights, 1 Bushel Measure, 1 Set Bolting Cloths, 1 long Ladder, Maul and Wedges, Log Chain, 2 Crowbars, Digging Iron, 2 Sampson's Jack Screws, Corn Sheller, a lot of Saw Mill Tools, also a set of Smiths' sawing and Cooper Tools, with 2 heavy Jointers and Dress Hoops, Crosscut Saw, lot of Dry Lumber for Mill wright work, such as Cogs, Shafts, a lot of Plank of various sizes 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3½ and 4 inches, lot of Oak Posts, lot of Locust Posts, lot of Wild Cherry Boards, lot of Bee Scaps, Post Boring Bench, Shingling Mill, Hay by the ton. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of 4 Bedsteads, Bureau, Corner Cupboard, Chairs, Tables, 3 ten-plate Stoves, 2 Pot Racks, Reel and Wheel, 2 Hackels, Barrels, Tubs, Fire Dogs, and a variety of other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

Jan. 22.—ts JOHN W. WEIGLE.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned having rented his Farm, will sell at Public Sale, on *Tuesday and Wednesday, the 16th and 17th days of March next*, at 8 *o'clock, A. M.* on each day, at his residence in Butler township, 2 miles east of Arendtsville, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

6 WORK HORSES, three of them brood mares, will work well any place you hitch them, one No. 1 draft horse, 2 young Stallions rising three years, 2 one yearling Colts, 6 Milch Cows, 8 Heifers, 2 Bulls, 10 Sheep, 2 four-horse narrow tread Wagons, 1 Muggy, 1 Sulkie, 2 pair of Hay Carriages, 2 Sets Bobsleds, Bows and Feed Troughs, 1 Reaper and Mower, 1 Steel-tooth Hay Rake, 1 Threshing Machine, one 4 horse Power, one first rate Winnowing Mill, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Flax Brake 1 Skutching Machine, Plows and Harrows, 1 Shovel Harrow, Shovel Plows, Corn Forks and Hoes Coverers, double and single Trees, Spreaders, Jackarter, Cutter and Rough Lock, Fifth Chain, Log Chains, Halter and Cow Chains, 1 string of Sleigh Bells, 2 pair of Breechbands, 3 pair of Front Gears, Wagon Whip, Wagon and Plow Lines, Wagon and Riding Saddles, Riding and Blind Bridles, Plated Harness, Halters, Hitching and Collars, Shovels, Rung Hooks, Forks, Rakes, Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes and Snaths, 100 lbs. unwashed Wool, 150 bushels of Wheat, 200 bushels of Oats, 30 bushels of Rye, 500 bushels of Corn Ears, 50 bundles of Straw, 15 tons of Hay, and a great many articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums of $10 and under cash; all over that amount a credit of nine months will be given on notes with approved security.

JONAS ROTH.

JOHN HAINES, Auctioneer. [Jan. 15.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 23rd of March inst.*, at 10 *o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams county, Pa., one mile east of Gettysburg on the road leading to Bonaughtown, the following Personal Property, to wit:

2 BROOD MARES, one a family Mare, 8 years old, and works any place, the other 5 years old, with foal and will work single or double, 3 Milch Cows, two of them fresh, a lot of young Cattle, 1 Bacon Bull, 2 sets Front Gears, Collars and Bridles, good Riding Bridle, Checks, Wagon Whip, set Plow Gears, Halters and Chains, Cow Chains, Plow, Harrow, three-horse Tress, Scythe and Snath, good Side Saddle, Winnowing Mill, Hobbs's patent tee Box, Meat Vessel, Clock, and many other things not herein enumerated.

TERMS.—All sums under $10.00 cash, sums of $10.00 and upwards a credit of ten months will be given on notes with approved security.

DANIEL H. BENNER, JR.

JOHN HAINES, Auctioneer.

At the same time and place will be sold a one horse Wagon and Gears, new Ladders, Wheelbarrow, Shovel Plow, Collars, Blind Bridles, Halter, Lines, Forks, Cow Chains, Grain Cradle, Rye, large Steel Yards, Copper and Iron Kettles, Desk and Book Case, Bureau, Tables, Chairs, Bedstead, Ten-plate and Pipe, Sister Churn, Clock, Cider Barrels, Fruit Driers, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS.—All sums under $5.00 cash; sums of $5.00 and upwards a credit of ten months will be given on notes with approved security.

DANIEL BENNER, SR.

JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. [Mar. 5.ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber intending to remove West, will sell at Public Sale, on *Tuesday, the 16th day of March inst*, at 10 o'clock, *A. M.*, at his residence in Reading township, near the Round Hill P. O., the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

3 GOOD HORSES, one of which is a good traveling Mare and 1 a Blind Mare, 1 three-yearling Colt, and one 1 yearling Colt, 2 Milch Cows, Heifer, 10 head of Sheep, Hog, one horse Wagon, Gears and Harness, Saddle and Bridles, 2 Side Saddles, Blind Bridles, 6 Halters and Chains, 6 Cow Chains, Cutting Box, double and single Trees, 2 Spreaders, 5 Log Chains, 2 Jonkey Sticks, long Ladder, Hay Carriage, Wood Ladders, Chairs, 2 Rocking Chairs, Dining, Sitting Stands, Wood Box, Chests, Large Iron Kettle, Iron Pots, Wash Tubs, 2 Rise Vessels, Churn, Bread Safe, Corner Cupboard, Sugar Mould, 70 gallon Jo glass or Stone, 6 Cans of Lard, Wool Wheel and Reel, small Copper Kettle, Rocking-chair and Queens-ware, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

A. F. MYERS, Auctioneer. [Mar. 5.—ts

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

Forwarding Houses.

NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouses, Cars, &c., of COLT & MANNEBY, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of SHOAN & Co., at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, with more extensive facilities heretofore.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 155 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

WM. M. BIGHAM.
ALEXANDER COBEAN
JAMES BIGHAM.

Jan. 8, 1868.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A Mexican Guano.

Whether they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits.—They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON

July 3, 1867.—tf

CHANGE OF FIRM.

THE undersigned having leased the Ware-house on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa., will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c., &c. Also, COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guaranteed other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

We will also run a

LINE of FREIGHT CARS

to No. 7 North street, BALTIMORE, and 311 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either of the above places will be received and forwarded promptly. Goods should be marked "Bonners' Car."

H. S. BENNER & BRO.

April, 8, 1868.—tf

NEW FIRM

ECKENRODE & CRAFT,

HAVE taken the Warehouse, lately occupied by Philip Rang, at Granite Station, on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, 3 miles from Hunterstown, and will deal in all kinds of

Grain and Produce,

giving the highest market price. We will also keep constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobacco, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds; also, Coal.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends, and invite the public to call and examine our stock.

A. M. ECKENRODE,
J. N. CRAFT.

Jan. 22.—tf

DANIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Flour, Grain,

Groceries, Lumber, Coal, &c.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has taken possession of Mr. E. Hinshaw's Store, and in addition to his

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW FIRM AT PETERSBURG.

GRIEST & BOWERS

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Petersburg and vicinity, that they have taken possession of Mr. E. Hinshaw's Store, and in addition to his

Large Stock of Goods,

have received a full supply of

WINTER DRY GOODS,

Notions, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Drugs, &c., which will be sold at prices to defy competition.

We hope, by strict attention to Business and a disposition to please, to merit a liberal share of public patronage. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

JOEL GRIEST,
F. N. W. BOWERS

Dec. 18, 1868.—tf

A CARD.

HAVING disposed of my entire stock to Messrs. GRIEST & BOWERS, I embrace this opportunity to extend to my friends my sincere thanks for their very liberal patronage, and knowing them to be men of strict integrity, thorough, energetic and practical business men I would most respectfully solicit for them a full share of patronage.

E. HITESHEW.

Petersburg, Y. S., Dec. 18.—tf

BARGAINS FOR CASH!

We propose to sell our entire Stock of Winter Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Cloths, Cassimers, Jeans, Flannels, Hoop and Balmoral Skirts, Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies' Vests, Velvets, Frames, Ribbons, Feathers and Ladies' and Children's Hats,

AT NET COST

to reduce stock for Spring.

H. B. WOODS'
CHEAP CASH STORE.

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

Jan. 15, 1869.—tf

1869. DESIRABLE 1869. NEW GOODS!

Most Excellent Assortment!

I SELL for very small profits, and aim at doing a very large Business.

FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FINE SILK POPLINS.

FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FRENCH WOOL POPLINS.

FASHIONABLE SHADES OF ALPACCA POPLINS.

FRENCH CHINTZES, Plain, Figured, Printed and Striped.

BLACK SILKS, PLAIN SILKS, PLAID SILKS.

SWISS MUSLINS, JACONET MUSLINS, CAMBRIC.

BLACK ALPACCA, COLORED ALPACCA, CLACK ALPACCA.

ALL WOOL DELAINES.

RICH SHAWLS, CASHMERE SHAWLS, THIBET SHAWLS.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CLOAKINGS, LINEN DRILLING, COTTONADE.

TABLE CLOTHS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, TOWELS.

BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS.

PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.

MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S GLOVES, AND STOCKINGS.

☞I am constantly receiving the latest styles of Dress and Fancy Goods. My stock comprises everything usually found in a first-class DRY GOODS STORE, to which I invite the attention of the public, feeling assured that I can safely challenge comparison with all other Stores in quality of goods and lowness of price.

J. L. SCHICK.

Gettysburg, Pa., Jan. 15, 1869.—tf

NEW GOODS, Cheaper than Ever!

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

Baltimore st., opposite the Court House,

HAVE just opened a new and large assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods

OF ALL KINDS,

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
SILKS,
GINGHAMS,
LAWNS,
PRINTS,
BAREGES,
MUSLINS, &c.,

To which they invite attention—being determined to sell at lowest cash prices.

[April 8, 1868.—tf

NEW GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the public generally that he is now doing business at the place formerly occupied by DUPHORN & HOFFMAN, and that he has just returned from the Cities with the best selected Stock ever brought to this place, which consists in part of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERS,
CASSINETTS,
MERINOS,
POPLINS,
DELAINS,
FURS,
SHAWLS,
SKIRTS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

Some of these goods will be sold lower than ever before, and are just fresh from the Cities.

FRANK D. DUPHORN.

Nov. 26, 1868.—tf

GOODS FURNISHED AND Garments made to order,

AT

W. T. KING'S

Main Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 20.—

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

have an elegant assortment of

DRESS GOODS

which they are selling very cheap.

FURS.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

HAVE THE

Largest stock of Furs

in town. If you want bargains call and buy from them.

Cloths, Cassimers, &c.

A great variety, and at low prices on hand at

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

CHEAP GOODS

of every description.

If you would save money buy at the

SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Buy a set of FURS or a handsome DRESS PATTERN, the most useful Christmas Present you can make at

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

Gettysburg, Dec. 4, 1868.—tf

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

KLINGEL'S Boot and Shoe Emporium,

BALTIMORE STREET,

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF THE PRESBYTERIA CHURCH.

THE undersigned has just returned from the city with the best and cheapest variety of Boots Shoes and Gaiters ever brought to Gettysburg, ever offered in Gettysburg. His stock consists of

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' Balmorals, Lasting, Prunella,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' KID SLIPPERS, all styles,
LADIES' MISSES' & CHILDREN'S BALMORALS, IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTS' FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' AMERICAN CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' KIP BOOTS,
GENTS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTS' CALF BALMORALS,
GENTS' SLIPPERS, all styles,
GENTS' BROGANS, &c., &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS, &c., &c., &c., &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS and Lasted GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.
INFANTS' SHOES, all styles,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from a distance, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that I can please all who may call.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots Shoes, and Gaiters, will also be carried on as heretofore. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

☞Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, April 22, 1868.—tf

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! NEW AND LARGE ARRIVAL!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and Verk street, has just returned from the city with an immense and large assortment of

CLOTHING FOR FALL & WINTER WEAR,

which he will sell cheaper than ever. Call and take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves. To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and unsurpassed sewing, and then to get his low prices—sellers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials,

Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Satrie, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, Stationery &c.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Nov. 6, 1868.—tf

HEAD-QUARTERS.

REMOVED!

T. C. NORRIS

HAS removed his Store to the corner of the Diamond, long occupied by George Arnold, where he will be glad to see his friends, and show his large assortment of

CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
AND
Every kind of Gentlemen's Wear,

SUCH AS

LINEN COLLARS,
PAPER CUFFS,
PAPER BOSOMS,
COTTON STOCKINGS,
GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
POCKET BOOKS,
TRAVELING SACKS,
UMBRELLAS,
CANES, &c., &c.

I keep Gentlemen's Wear of all kinds and will sell them at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

ALSO

Boys' Hats & Shoes,

in great variety.

☞Give me a call before purchasing else where.

Feb. 12, 1869.—tf

Fine Custom Made BOOTS AND SHOES FOR GENTLEMEN.

All the LEADING STYLES on hand or made to measure. Prices fixed at LOW FIGURES. An Illustrated Price List with instructions for self measurement sent on receipt of Post Office address.

WM. F. BARTLETT,
33 South Sixth st., above Chestnut,
PHILADELPHIA.

August 21, 1868.—y

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned has erected a new building, for the Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle st., near the National Hotel, in Gettysburg, where he will offer his old friends and the public generally a large and well selected stock of

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,

for men, women and children, of all styles and qualities, which he will sell at prices to suit the times. He will also keep on hand a large assortment of Leather, Findings, Lasts, &c., &c., which he will sell at low prices to manufacturers. He will also attend to repairing in the best manner and at reasonable prices. He hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 28, 1868.

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IS THE STAR AND SENTINEL.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

CLOTHING.

THE subscriber has just returned from the City with the

Largest & Best Selected Stock of Clothing

ever opened in the county, which he is selling at remarkably low prices.

His Stock consists of

OVERCOATS,

OF ALL STYLES AND SIZES.

Dress Coats, Business Coats,

Fancy Cassimere Coats of all styles, Satinet and Jean Coats, very cheap, Doeskin Fancy Cassimere and Satinet Pants, Wool Shirts, White Shirts, Under Shirts and Drawers, Cloaks, Musical Instruments of all kinds,

TOBACCO & CIGARS,

Razors, Pipes, Brushes, Neck-ties, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention in a newspaper advertisement.

F. CUNNINGHAM.

Oct 2, 1868.—tf

HATS & CAPS,
LATES STYLES
AND LOWEST PRICES AT
H. B. WOODS'

SHOES
OF ALL KINDS
AT REDUCED PRICES AT
H. B. WOODS'

THE LATEST STYLES OF Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

Just received by

ROBERT C. COBEAN,

Chambersburg Street, First Square,

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Where the public can and always find an assortment which he is selling cheap. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters, Trunks Valises Whips, Cigars, and a variety of notions, give us a call

[Dec. 1, 1868.—tf

New Boot and Shoe Store.

D. KITZMILLER & BOR.,

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

YORK STREET, OPPOSITE THE BANK.

THE undersigned have opened a new Boot and Shoe store in Gettysburg, Pa., in the room formerly occupied by SOPER & MCCARTNEY, and have just received from the City a large assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

FOR

GENTLEMEN, LADIES & CHILDRENS' WEAR,

Consisting of Calf & Kip Boots, Congress & Balmoral Gaiters, Slippers, &c.

We also MANUFACTURE TO ORDER, all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES—the work being made up of best materials and by first class workmen. The latter portion has been in the business for over 15 years and personally superintends all work made up. We respectfully solicit the attention of the public to our establishment, and hope by strict attention to business and by selling at lowest cash prices, to give entire satisfaction.

DAVID KITZMILLER,
JACOB A. KITZMILLER.

June 21, 1868.—tf

HATS & CAPS.

Fall and Winter Styles.

S. S. M'CREARY

HAS just received a fresh and general assortment of HATS AND CAPS, of the latest styles and finest quality, and Soft Fur Hats, and also a large supply of the solid low priced Wool Hats and CAPS for Men and Boys. He invites his friends and the public to give him a call.

[Dec. 11, 1868.—tf

Confections, Toys, Notions, &c.

OYSTER SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg St., Gettysburg,

next door to Eagle Hotel,

Announces to his friends that in addition to his

CONFECTIONERY,

he has opened an Oyster Saloon, at his old stand on Chambersburg street, where during the season he will keep constantly on hand

PRIME OYSTERS,

the best the market can afford, with special accommodations for

LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

☞Give us a call.

Nov. 13.—tf

THE VEY BEST!

Bierbower's Segar Store,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

NORTH-EAST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.